Bank of Russia's medium-term forecast

following the Bank of Russia Board of Directors' key rate meeting on 14 February 2025



Key forecast parameters of the Bank of Russia's baseline scenario

(growth as % of previous year, if not indicated otherwise)

	2024 (actual / estimate)	2025	2026	2027
Inflation, as % in December year-on-year	9.5	7.0-8.0	4.0	4.0
Inflation, average for the year, as % year-on-year	8.4	9.1-9.8	4.9-5.4	4.0
Key rate, average for the year, % per annum	17.5	19.0-22.0 ¹	13.0-14.0	7.5-8.5
Gross domestic product	4.1	1.0-2.0	0.5-1.5	1.5-2.5
– % change, Q4 – Q4 previous year	3.32	0.0-1.0	1.0-2.0	1.5-2.5
Final consumption expenditure	5.2	0.5-1.5	0.5-1.5	1.5-2.5
households	5.5	0.5-1.5	0.5-1.5	1.5-2.5
Gross capital formation	3.7	1.5-3.5	(-1.0)-1.0	1.0-3.0
 gross fixed capital formation 	10.2	0.0-2.0	0.0-2.0	1.0-3.0
Exports	_ 3	(-0.5)-1.5	1.5-3.5	1.0-3.0
Imports	_ 3	0.0-2.0	(-0.5)-1.5	1.0-3.0
Money supply in national definition	19.2	5-10	5-10	7-12
Claims on organisations and households in rubles and foreign currency ⁴	16.3	6-11	6-11	8-13
on organisations	18.9	8-13	7-12	8-13
 on households, including 	9.7	1-6	5-10	8-13
mortgage loans	10.4	3-8	6-11	10-15

Given that from January 1st to February 16th 2025 the key rate averaged 21.0%, from February 17th to the end of 2025 the average key rate forecast range is 18.7-22.1%. Additional information on how to interpret the proposed format of the key rate forecast communication is presented in the methodological note [http://cbr.ru/Content/Document/File/120337/comment 20210422 e.pdf]. Bank of Russia's estimate. Data have not yet been published by Rosstat.

Source: Bank of Russia.

Russia's balance of payments indicators in the baseline scenario⁵

(billions of US dollars, if not indicated otherwise)

	2024 (actual / estimate)	2025	2026	2027
Current account	54	48	40	32
Goods	123	117	112	105
Exports	417	419	423	432
Imports	295	302	311	326
Services	-38	-38	-39	-40
Exports	42	44	45	46
Imports	80	83	84	86
Primary and secondary income balance	-31	-31	-32	-34
Current and capital accounts balance	53	48	40	32
Financial account balance, excluding reserve assets	47	55	40	32
Net incurrence of liabilities	6	-1	0	4
Net acquisition of financial assets, excluding reserve assets	54	53	40	36
Net errors and omissions	-10	0	0	0
Change in reserve assets	-4	-7	0	0
Oil price for tax purposes ⁶ , average for the year, US dollars per barrel	68	65	60	60

⁵ Using the methodology of the 6th edition of "Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual" (BPM6). In the Financial account "+" stands for net lending, "-" – for net borrowing. Due to rounding total results may differ from the sum of respective values.

Data on the use of GDP for 2024 in terms of exports and imports have not yet been published by Rosstat.

Banking system claims on organisations and households means all of the banking system's claims on non-financial and financial institutions and households in rubles, foreign currency and precious metals, including loans issued (including overdue loans), overdue interest on loans, credit institutions' investment in debt and equity securities and promissory notes, as well as other forms of equity interest in non-financial and financial institutions, and other accounts receivable from settlement

operations involving non-financial and financial institutions and households.

Claims' growth rates are given with the exclusion of foreign currency revaluation. In order to exclude the effect of foreign currency revaluation the growth of claims in foreign currency and precious metals is converted to rubles using the period average USDRUB exchange rate.

⁶ Russian oil price used for tax purposes and published monthly on the official website of the Ministry of Economic Development of the Russian Federation.