



Roadmap for the Single Euro Payments Area

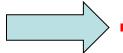
Status and progress

Gerard Hartsink
Chair - European Payments Council

Seminar Payment System: Standardisation and Regulation Moscow, 27 June 2011







- **Expectations European Public Authorities**
- EPC commitment and deliverables
- EPC cooperation model and communication
- Conclusions



SEPA vision ECB and EC



- **Vision**: "An euro area in which **all payments are domestic**, where the current differentiation between national and cross-border payments no longer exists"
- Expected deliverables for the Euro area (EU17):
 - SEPA credit transfer and SEPA direct debit
 - Additional European Card Scheme
 - E-Payments and m-Payments

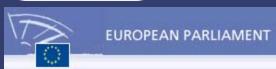


- Objectives Payment Services Directive
 - The EU needs to create a single market for payments
- Benefits for users and providers
 - Enhanced competition by opening markets
 - Encouraging innovation
 - Increased market transparency
 - Ensuring a level playing field

^{* 7}th Progress Report 2010 and ** PSD 2008



European Parliament Resolutions 12 March 2009 and 10 March 2010



"Emphasises its **continued support for the creation of SEPA**, which is subject to effective competition and in which there is no distinction between cross-border and national payments in euro;

- Calls on the Commission to set a clear, appropriate and binding end-date, which should be no later than 31 December 2012, for migrating to SEPA instruments, after which all payments in euro must be made using the SEPA standards;
- Calls on Member States to encourage their public administrations to use SEPA instruments as soon as possible and to give them a catalytic role in the migration process;
- Calls on the Commission to ensure that the migration to SEPA instruments will not result in a more expensive payment system for citizens of the Union;"





- 1 REITERATES the importance of and its support for the full realisation of the Single Euro Payments Area (SEPA), which aims at achieving an integrated and competitive internal market for euro payments for the benefit of citizens and businesses and in this regard WELCOMES the Communication from the Commission: "Completing SEPA: a Roadmap for 2009-2012"
- **WELCOMES the substantial progress achieved** by industry with the successful launch of the SEPA Direct Debit (SDD) following the earlier launch of the SEPA Credit Transfer (SCT);
- 5 CALLS upon industry to complete its work in relation to the outstanding technical standards required in the cards market by mid 2010,
- 9 CALLS upon public authorities in all Member States to significantly step up, their migration efforts and lead SEPA migration by example;







- 1. Foster migration
- 2. Increase SEPA awareness and promote SEPA products
- 3. Ensure a **sound legal environment** and strengthen SEPA compliance
- 4. Promote innovation
- 5. Ensure necessary standardisation, interoperability and security
- 6. Clarify and improve SEPA governance: SEPA Council

^{*} European Commission, 10 September 2009 and ECOFIN 2 December 2009



Governance cooperation: SEPA Council

Representatives of suppliers

Representatives of the public sector

Representatives of buyers





COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES









Objectives:

- Promote Realisation SEPA Vision
- Monitor and support migration process
- Promote product innovation to meet the needs of end-users











FSC: public administration





SEPA Council Declaration*: end date(s) supported for migration to SCT and SDD

• This Declaration includes **support** of the **supply side** (banks), **buy side** (customers of payment services) and of the **public sector** (ECB and European Commission)

^{*} SEPA Council Declaration: 7 June 2010



Proposal Regulation for an end date

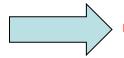


- European Parliament asked the European Commission to set a clear and appropriate binding end date which should not be later that 31 December 2012
- The European Commission published on 16 December 2010 a proposal
- The European Commission's proposal is currently reviewed by the
 - Council (Hungarian Presidency)
 - European Parliament (ECON Committee)
- The proposed end dates are
 - SCT 1 February 2013
 - SDD 1 February 2014





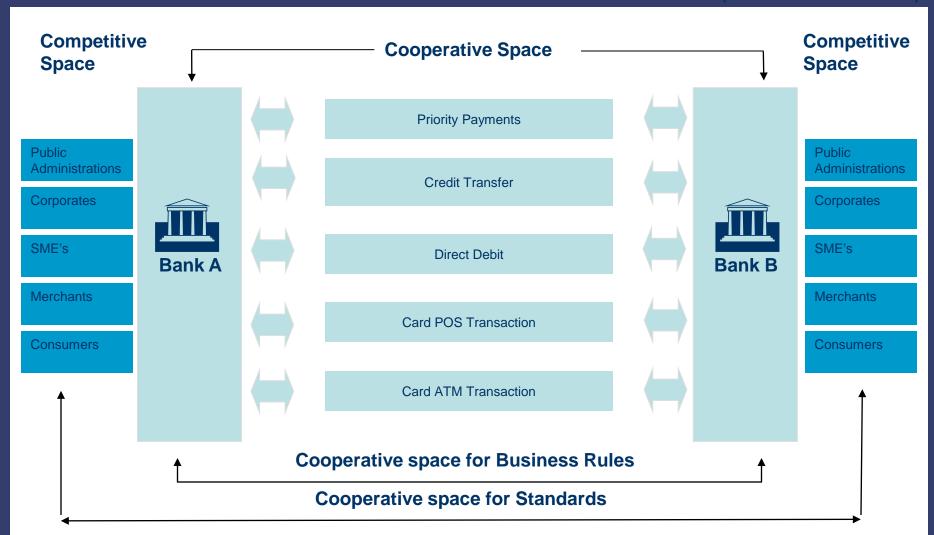
Expectations European Public Authorities



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Competitive and cooperative space in SEPA (two side market)





EPC Declaration 17th March 2005

- We will deliver the two new Pan-Euro Payment Schemes for electronic credit transfer and for direct debits. We will also design a Cards Framework to define a single market for cards. The scheme rulebooks and the cards framework definition will be delivered by end 2005, and the services will be operational by January 2008.
- We know from feedback from our community in the eurozone that by the beginning of 2008 the vast majority of banks will offer these new Pan-Euro services to their customers.
- We are also convinced that a critical mass of transactions will naturally migrate to these payment instruments by 2010 such that SEPA will be irreversible through the operation of market forces and network effects.
- SEPA will be delivered by the banking industry in close conjunction with all stakeholder communities (consumers, SMEs, merchants, corporates and government bodies) and supportive public authorities.
- The community of European banks is strongly committed to this ambitious programme of action, based on **self-regulation** and a full recognition of the role of market forces and competition.

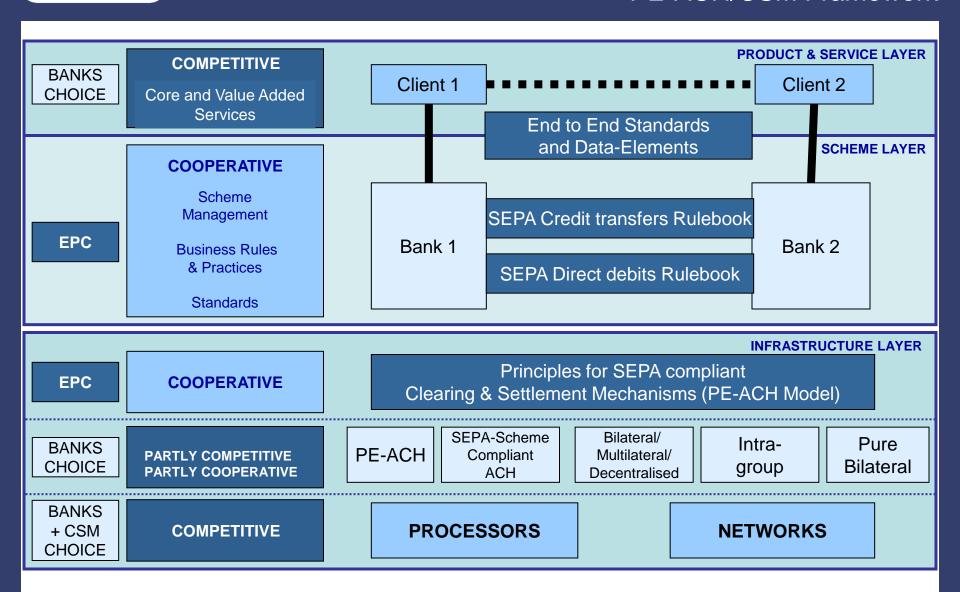


SEPA Credit Transfer & SEPA Direct Debit

- Three layer structure: competition and/or cooperation
 - Payment services layer to customers by banks (competition)
 - Scheme layer: rules and standards for SCT and SDD (cooperation)
 - Processing layer inclusive clearing and settlement (competition)
- Rulebooks and Implementation Guidelines
 - Rulebook = master agreement for scheme participants
 - Implementation Guidelines = MIG (Message Implementation Guideline) based on ISO 20022 and ISO Identifier Standards (BIC ISO 9362 and IBAN ISO 13616)
- Design: November 2010 releases
 - SCT version 4.0 (approved November 2009)
 - SDD version 4.0 (approved November 2009)
 - SDD B2B version 2.0 (approved November 2009)



PE-ACH/CSM Framework





SEPA Credit Transfer & SEPA Direct Debit

- Scheme Management Committee (with an independent Chair) approves Scheme Participants
- SCT Implementation
 - So far over 4491 SEPA Credit Transfer Scheme Participants
 - So far nearly 14.7% of the euro credit transfers have been migrated to SCT
- SDD Implementation
 - So far 3912 SDD core and 3384 SDD B2B Scheme Participants
 - So far about 1% of the euro direct debit transfers have been migrated to SDD
- PE-ACH/CSM
 - CSM's signed a disclosure letter that they are SCT and SDD compliant



Customer Stakeholder Forum

Objective - inclusion representatives of customers

 alignment on functionalities of SCT and SDD schemes and Implementation Guidelines

- CSF is not a forum inside the EPC, but a forum of the buy-side and the supply-side for the EPC Scheme Management

Co-chaired - Chair End User Committee

- Chair EPC

Participants EUC - Corporates : EACT, Business Europe, FAEP, CEA

- Retailers : Eurocommerce

- SME's : UAPME

- Consumers : BEUC

- Public Administrations : None

EPC Scheme - Chair, Vice-chair SPS (and some members), Chair SSG,
 Management EPC Secretary General

Observers - ECB and European Commission





- The EPC has **no** policy or mandate to create an **additional European Card Scheme**
- The EPC created the SEPA Cards Framework*
 - enable European customers to use general purpose cards to make payments and cash withdrawals in euro throughout the SEPA area with the same ease and convenience than they do in their home country,
 - no differences whether they use their card(s) in their home country or somewhere else within SEPA,

^{*} SEPA Cards Framework: approved June 2006



SEPA for Cards Framework: principles and standards

- SEPA Cards Framework (version 2.1 December 2009)
 - Provides a single framework for the payment function of cards for
 - Banks
 - Card schemes
 - Service providers
 - SCF Version 2.2 planned before end 2011
- SEPA Cards Standardisation Volume: Book of Requirements (version 5.0 approved December 2010)

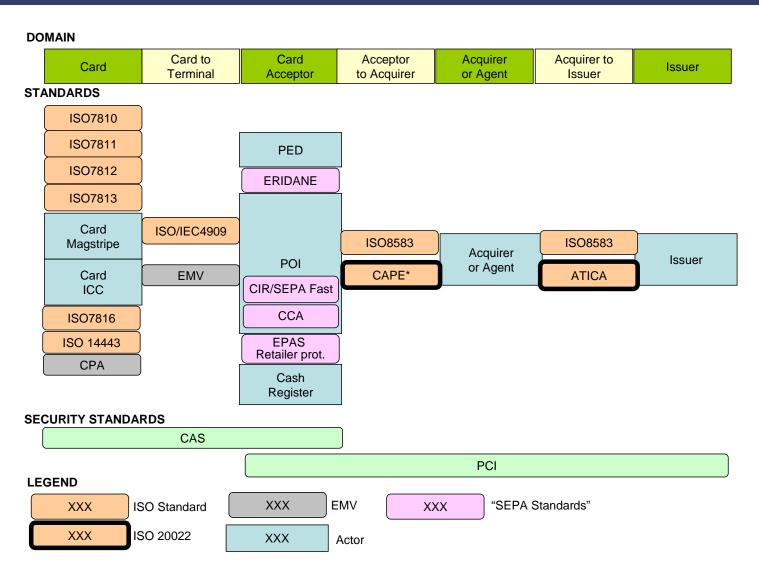


Book of Requirements: standards

- SEPA for Cards objective requires more standardisation (SCF 3.6.3)
- BoR: requirements for card standardisation, security and certification
 - Functional requirements (BoR chapters 1 4)
 - Security requirements (BoR chapter 5)
 - Certification: creation of Certification Management Body (BoR chapter 6)
- Focus to adopt open global standards
- Cooperation and alignment with partners: EMV, PCI, ISO

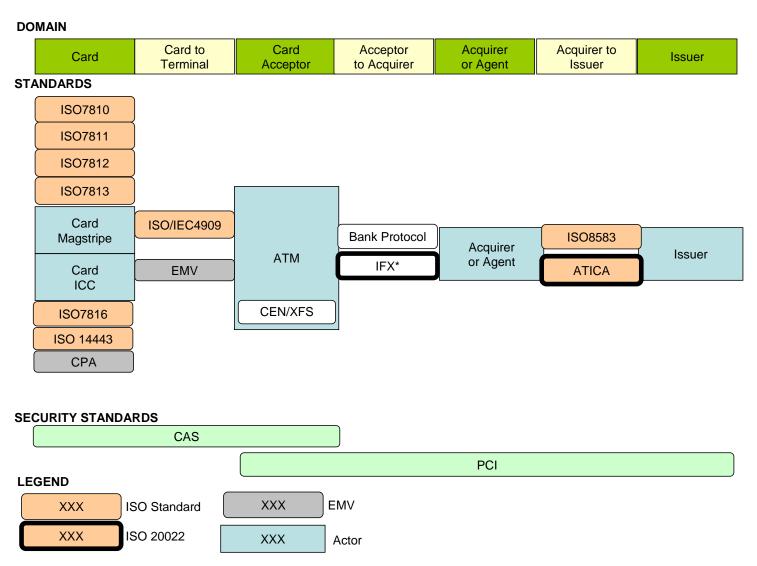


Overview of Standards in the Cards Value Chain: POS transaction





Overview of Standards in the Cards Value Chain: ATM transaction





Overview Standards

- ISO4217 Currency Codes
- ISO7810 Identification cards Physical characteristics
- ISO7811 Identification cards Recording technique
- ISO7812 Identification cards Identification of issuers (IIN, BIN, PAN)
- ISO7813 Identification cards Financial transaction cards
- ISO7816 Identification cards Integrated circuit cards
- ISO7 14443 Identification cards Contactless Integrated circuit cards
- ISO/IEC4909 Magnetic stripe data content
- ISO8583 Financial transaction card originated messages — Interchange message specifications
- ISO20022 Financial Services universal financial industry message scheme
- ICC Integrated Circuit Card
- EMV Europay MasterCard Visa

- CIR/SEPA Fast (Common Implementation Recommendations/ SEPA Financial Application Specification for SCF Compliant EMV Terminals)
- CAS Common Approval Scheme
- CCD Common Core Definitions
- CPA Common Payment Application
- PED PIN Entry Device
- ERIDANE
- POI Point of Interaction
- EPAS (Electronic Protocol Application Software)
- PCI Payment Card Industry
- PCI DSS PCI Data Storage Security
- PCI PED PCI PIN Entry Device
- CAPE Card Payment Exchanges (ISO20022), EPAS Acquirer and TMS protocols
- CCPAY Card Clearing Payment Messages (ISO20022 change request)
- ATICA Acquirer to Issuer Card Messages
- CCA Common Contactless Application
- IFX Interactive Financial eXchange
- CEN/XFS Extensions for Financial Services



Cards Stakeholders Group

Objective

 Combine the efforts of all stakeholders for the "SEPA for Cards" objective

Co-chaired

Chair retailers team
 Chair EPC Cards WG

Participants

 Representatives with technical expertise from the different stakeholders in the cards value chain

- Five representatives of five groups of stakeholders:

banks

retailers

scheme owners

vendors

operators

Observers:

- ECB and European Commission



- M-Payment Channel: Way forward (approved December 2007)
 - Use of a mobile to initiate a payment
 - Mobile Contactless Payment (SEPA-card based)
 - Mobile Remote Payments (SEPA-card or SEPA-Credit Transfer based)
 - Framework with requirements, standards and best practice (including security)
- Not mandatory but optional for all banks
- GSMA and European Payment Council announced a co-operation agreement (30th June 2008)
- **EPC M-Channel Roadmap** (approved March 2009 and updated September 2010)
- White Paper on Mobile Payments: cases, service description, business requirements (approved June 2010)
- EPC-GSMA: Mobile Contactless Payments Service Management Roles:
 Requirements and Specifications (approved)
- Mobile Contactless SEPA Cards Payments Interoperability Implementation Guidelines (approved for consultation March 2011)

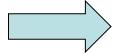


- Facts
 - Cash is King!
 - At least 6 out of 7 payment transactions are cash payment transactions
- **EPC two pillar strategy** (approved June 2004)
 - Efficiency Agenda (applicable for the euro currencies)
 - Single Euro Cash Area Framework (version 2.1 in March 2006)
 - Repositioning Agenda (applicable for all 1 + 10 = 11 currencies of the EU27)
 - "Best practices for discouraging the use of cash and promoting alternative means of payments"
- Eurosystem Roadmap for Cash Services
 - **6 convergence measures** (packaging standards, electronic data exchange standards, etc.)
- Standardisation of ATM cassettes (together with ATMIA: ATM Industry Association)





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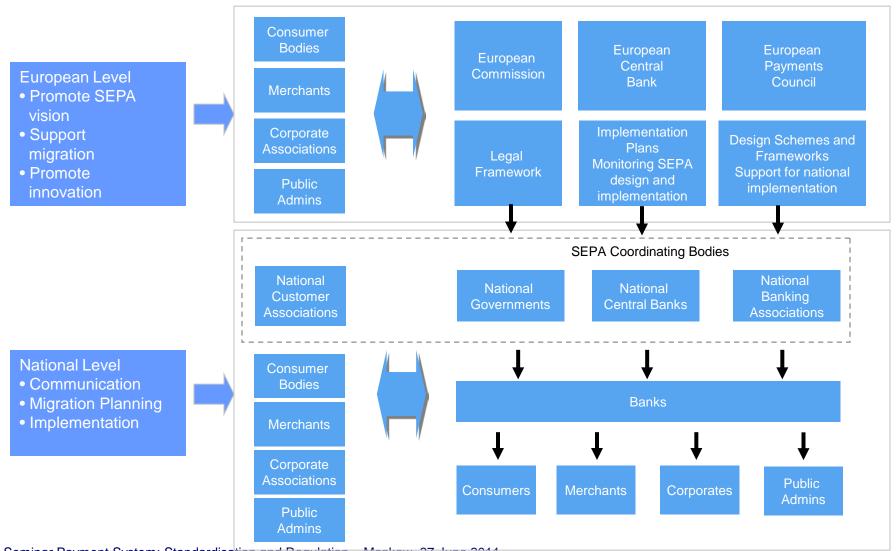
EPC Governance Framework

- The EPC Plenary has **74 members** with the **major players** of the payments industry and with a **fair representation** of the **smaller players** (represented by banks or associations)
- More than 4400 banks from 17 Euro countries and 14 non-euro countries in Europe are represented in the EPC Plenary



SEPA Cooperation model

COORDINATION CHALLENGE: STAKEHOLDERS ARE EUROPEAN AND/OR NATIONAL



Seminar Payment System: Standardisation and Regulation - Moskow, 27 June 2011



EPC Organigram 2011

* Alignment with other stakeholders ** Decision-making bodies *** Strategy and process body
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EPC Communications

Shortcut flyers

- Shortcut to SEPA
- Shortcut to the SCT Scheme
- Shortcut to the SDD Schemes
- Shortcut to SEPA Data Format
- Who is Who in SEPA

General SEPA information

- The most popular
 Misunderstandings about SEPA
 - Clarified
- Making SEPA a Reality the definitive Guide to SEPA
- The EPC Newsletter. Four issues per year delivered to your inbox. Subscription is free.

Targeted brochures

- SEPA for Business
- SEPA for Consumers (A convenient and secure way to make payments)
- SEPA for IT Providers
- SEPA for the Media
- SEPA for the Public Sector

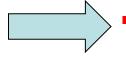
Targeted flyers

- Public Sector 10 best reasons to practice SEPA
- Business 10 best reasons to practice SEPA





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Conclusions





- SEPA will create a single market for euro payments and enhance competition as asked for by the ECOFIN, the Governing Council of the ECB and the European Parliament
- SEPA is created via co-regulation
 - for legislation by the public authorities (Payment Services Directive)
 - for business rules and standards by market participants
- SEPA implementation is taking care of by the SEPA Committees in the 17 Euro countries and the additional 15 SEPA countries with support of the SEPA Council
- Inclusion of stakeholders in the design and implementation is mission critical