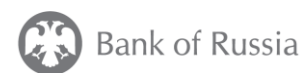


# Bank of Russia's medium-term forecast

following the Bank of Russia Board of Directors' key rate meeting on 27 October 2023



## Key forecast parameters of the Bank of Russia's baseline scenario

(growth as % of previous year, if not indicated otherwise)

	2022 (actual)	2023	2024	2025	2026
Inflation, as % in December year-on-year	11.9	7.0-7.5	4.0-4.5	4.0	4.0
Inflation, average for the year, as % year-on-year	13.8	5.8-5.9	5.8-6.5	4.0	4.0
Key rate, <u>average</u> for the year, % per annum	10.6	9.9 <sup>1</sup>	12.5-14.5	7.0-9.0	6.0-7.0
Gross domestic product	-2.1	2.2-2.7	0.5-1.5	1.0-2.0	1.5-2.5
– % change, Q4 – Q4 previous year	-2.7	1.0-2.0	0.5-1.5	1.0-2.0	1.5-2.5
Final consumption expenditure	-0.3	5.5-6.5	(-0.5)-(+0.5)	0.5-1.5	1.5-2.5
– households	-1.4	5.5-6.5	(-2.0)-(-1.0)	0.5-1.5	1.5-2.5
Gross capital formation	-4.9	11.2-12.7	(-5.0)-(-3.0)	0.0-2.0	1.0-3.0
– gross fixed capital formation	3.3	7.2-8.7	0.0-2.0	0.0-2.0	1.0-3.0
Exports	-13.9	(-10.7)-(-9.2)	1.5-3.5	1.5-3.5	1.0-3.0
Imports	-15.0	10.2-11.7	(-6.5)-(-4.5)	(-1.5)-(+0.5)	1.0-3.0
Money supply in national definition	24.4	18-21	8-13	6-11	6-11
Claims on organisations and households in rubles and foreign currency <sup>2</sup>	12.0	17-20	5-10	8-13	8-13
– on organisations	13.2	16-19	5-10	8-13	8-13
– on households, including mortgage loans	9.4	20-23	5-10	8-13	8-13
	17.7	24-27	7-12	10-15	10-15

<sup>1</sup> Given that from January 1<sup>st</sup> to October 29<sup>th</sup> 2023 the average key rate is 8.8%, from October 30<sup>th</sup> to the end of 2023 the average key rate forecast range is 15.0-15.2%. Additional information on how to interpret the proposed format of the key rate forecast communication is presented in the methodological note [[http://cbr.ru/Content/Document/File/120337/comment\\_20210422\\_e.pdf](http://cbr.ru/Content/Document/File/120337/comment_20210422_e.pdf)].

<sup>2</sup> Banking system claims on organisations and households means all of the banking system's claims on non-financial and financial institutions and households in rubles, foreign currency and precious metals, including loans issued (including overdue loans), overdue interest on loans, credit institutions' investment in debt and equity securities and promissory notes, as well as other forms of equity interest in non-financial and financial institutions, and other accounts receivable from settlement operations involving non-financial and financial institutions and households.

Claims' growth rates are given with the exclusion of foreign currency revaluation. In order to exclude the effect of foreign currency revaluation the growth of claims in foreign currency and precious metals is converted to rubles using the period average USDRUB exchange rate. Mortgage loans net of claims acquired by banks.

Source: Bank of Russia.

## Russia's balance of payments indicators in the baseline scenario<sup>3</sup>

(billions of US dollars, if not indicated otherwise)

	2022 (actual)	2023	2024	2025	2026
<b>Current account</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>54</b>
Goods	316	122	149	146	140
Exports	592	429	441	444	450
Imports	277	307	292	298	310
Services	-22	-31	-31	-32	-33
Exports	49	42	44	45	47
Imports	71	73	75	77	80
Primary and secondary income balance	-55	-31	-43	-50	-53
<b>Current and capital accounts balance</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>54</b>
<b>Financial account balance, excluding reserve assets</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>38</b>
Net incurrence of liabilities	-126	4	23	20	20
Net acquisition of financial assets, excluding reserve assets	110	65	84	68	58
Net errors and omissions	-4	-8	0	0	0
<b>Change in reserve assets</b>	<b>-7</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>Brent oil price, average for the year, US dollars per barrel</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>70</b>

<sup>3</sup> Using the methodology of the 6<sup>th</sup> edition of "Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual" (BPM6). In the Financial account "+" stands for net lending, "-" – for net borrowing. Due to rounding total results may differ from the sum of respective values.

Source: Bank of Russia.