



CONSUMER PRICE DYNAMICS

No. 10 (106) • October 2024

Information and analytical commentary

CONSUMER PRICE DYNAMICS: FACTS, ASSESSMENTS AND COMMENTS (OCTOBER 2024)

Monthly price growth slowed down in October vs September on account of lower prices for tourism and passenger transport services, which are characterised by high price volatility from month to month. However, most measures of underlying inflation rose month-on-month. This means that demand continues to outstrip the capacities to ramp up output. The level of persistent inflationary pressures remains close to this year's highs. Additional tightening of monetary conditions, which can ensure more moderate demand growth, is required to gradually bring inflation down to the target rate of 4%.

- In October 2024, consumer prices rose by 0.75% (vs +0.48% in September). Price growth
 (seasonally adjusted annualised rate, SAAR) amounted to 8.2% in October (vs 9.9% in September;
 11.2% in 2024 Q3; 8.7% in 2024 Q2; and 5.9% in 2024 Q1). Annual inflation went down to 8.54%,
 with the annual growth rate of the core consumer price index (CPI) declining to 8.18% as price
 growth in October 2023 was even more significant.
- Most consolidated measures of underlying inflation as well as certain groups of goods and services
 more sensitive to persistent drivers of inflation demonstrated faster price growth in October. This
 indicates that the expansion of domestic demand continues to exceed the capacities to increase
 output quantities.
- In October, the contribution of volatile components to the CPI was negative, following their
 considerable positive contribution in September. This was the reason behind the slowdown in the
 headline CPI growth, with the key contributors thereto being tourism and transport services that
 are characterised by elevated price volatility.
- Additional tightening of monetary conditions, which can ensure more moderate demand growth, is required to resume the disinflation process, lower inflation expectations and create an environment conducive to a steady deceleration of inflation in 2025. As of the end of 2024, annual inflation is expected to range from 8.0% to 8.5%. Given the monetary policy pursued, the Bank of Russia predicts that annual inflation will decline to 4.5–5.0% in 2025, to 4.0% in 2026 and stay close to 4% further on.

CONSUMER PRICE DYNAMICS

Table 1

	2022		20	23				20	24			ڃ
									15	mber		Three-month
	40	હ	05	03	40	5	05	03	August	September	October	Thre
rice growth vs previous period												
CPI, all goods and services	0.44	0.56	0.35	0.59	0.89	0.64	0.63	0.61	0.20	0.48	0.75	0.4
of which: excluding fruit and vegetables, petroleum products, and housing and utility services	0.10	0.29	0.46	0.62	0.85	0.58	0.70	0.49	0.31	0.73	0.78	0.
Core CPI	0.06	0.27	0.44	0.73	0.77	0.58	0.72	0.58	0.60	0.75	0.81	0.
 food products 	0.43	0.75	-0.01	0.43	1.46	0.73	0.51	0.23	-0.01	0.34	1.23	0.
of which: fruit and vegetables	4.95	5.94	-1.54	-1.37	4.48	2.67	0.20	-2.80	-3.96	-4.17	1.44	-2.
- food products excluding fruit and vegetables	-0.06	0.06	0.21	0.68	1.05	0.46	0.56	0.65	0.56	0.95	1.20	0.
– non-food goods	0.05	0.09	0.30	1.05	0.50	0.33	0.39	0.60	0.60	0.62	0.68	0.
of which: non-food goods excluding petroleum products	0.04	0.11	0.21	0.84	0.70	0.36	0.34	0.43	0.48	0.55	0.70	0.
– services	1.01	0.90	0.92	0.26	0.60	0.89	1.07	1.12	0.01	0.51	0.21	0.
of which: services excluding housing and utility services	0.56	1.08	1.38	0.15	0.71	1.17	1.52	0.29	-0.40	0.60	0.15	0
Price growth vs previous period, SAAR												
CPI, all goods and services	2.6	4.8	5.2	12.0	8.7	5.9	8.7	11.2	7.6	9.9	8.2	8
of which: excluding fruit and vegetables, petroleum products, and housing and utility services	0.6	3.4	6.0	8.4	9.6	7.1	9.0	6.8	3.1	10.6	9.0	7
Core CPI	0.6	2.9	5.7	9.6	9.4	6.8	9.2	7.7	7.8	9.1	9.7	8
Core CPI excluding tourism services	0.4	1.1	4.0	10.6	10.4	5.5	7.7	8.3	9.5	9.6	13.5	10
Median*	1.6	2.8	3.9	7.6	6.7	5.9	6.0	7.8	7.6	7.7	8.8	8
Price growth without 20% of volatile components**	2.4	2.3	3.9	8.1	9.1	5.9	6.2	10.6	9.2	8.8	11.5	Ĝ
- food products	-0.4	3.6	1.7	16.3	11.4	3.4	8.5	13.5	15.6	10.0	11.7	12
of which: food products excluding fruit and vegetables	-2.4	0.3	4.0	9.2	11.0	5.3	8.7	8.8	8.0	11.4	13.4	10
- non-food goods	0.1	1.2	4.4	13.1	5.6	4.2	5.5	7.2	6.9	6.5	7.2	6
of which: non-food goods excluding petroleum products	0.0	1.4	3.3	10.3	8.1	4.4	4.9	5.0	5.3	5.5	7.3	6
- services	10.9	11.6	11.1	5.3	9.0	11.6	12.9	13.0	-1.3	13.8	5.1	5
of which: services excluding housing and utility services	8.4	13.6	14.7	4.1	9.5	15.0	16.5	6.0	-8.0	17.6	4.1	4
Price growth, YoY												
CPI, all goods and services	11.94	3.51	3.25	6.00	7.42	7.72	8.59	8.63	9.05	8.63	8.54	
of which: excluding fruit and vegetables, petroleum products, and	13.51	3.69	2.61	4.51	6.86	7.80	8.56	8.14	8.29	8.14	7.94	
housing and utility services Core CPI	14.31	3.72	2.44	4.59	6.83	7.84	8.73	8.26	8.44	8.26	8.18	
Core CPI excluding tourism services	13.59	2.90	1.26	3.83	6.46	7.58	8.53	7.98	8.20	7.98	7.98	
Median*	10.85	4.96	2.92	4.66	5.55	6.96	6.99	7.56	7.80	7.56	7.37	
Price growth without 20% of volatile components**	8.10	4.88	2.62	3.03	4.47	5.28	5.73	6.95	6.98	6.95	6.57	
- food products	10.29	2.57	0.18	4.87	8.16	8.12	9.81	9.15	9.72	9.15	9.03	\vdash
of which: fruit and vegetables	-1.97	-9.39		25.87		13.03	19.13	14.04		14.04	13.51	
food products excluding fruit and vegetables	11.97	4.44	0.41	2.67	6.14	7.41	8.54	8.45	8.44	8.45	8.37	
- non-food goods	12.70	0.12	0.99	4.56	5.96	6.73	7.01	5.59	6.09	5.59	5.74	\vdash
of which: non-food goods excluding petroleum products	14.48	0.12	0.62	3.64	5.69	6.47	6.89	5.61	5.95	5.61	5.41	
- services	13.19	9.73	10.96	9.66	8.33	8.30	8.79	11.62	11.73	11.62	11.32	\vdash
of which: services excluding housing and utility services	14.72	9.13	10.89	9.95	10.44	10.73	11.19	11.65	11.79	11.65	11.26	1

^{*} The median is a value dividing a sample into two equal parts, with a higher and a lower price growth rate. It is calculated based on price growth distribution.

** Excluding 20% of consumer basket components with the highest (over the last three months) variance.

Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

Monthly price changes

In October 2024, consumer prices rose by 0.75% (vs +0.48% in September). Monthly price growth (SAAR) amounted to 8.2% (vs 9.9% in September; 11.2% in 2024 Q3; 8.7% in 2024 Q2; and 5.9% in 2024 Q1). The slowdown in the CPI growth was accounted for by certain goods and services whose prices changed significantly, mainly tourism and transport services. As compared to the previous month, underlying inflation measures increased substantially.

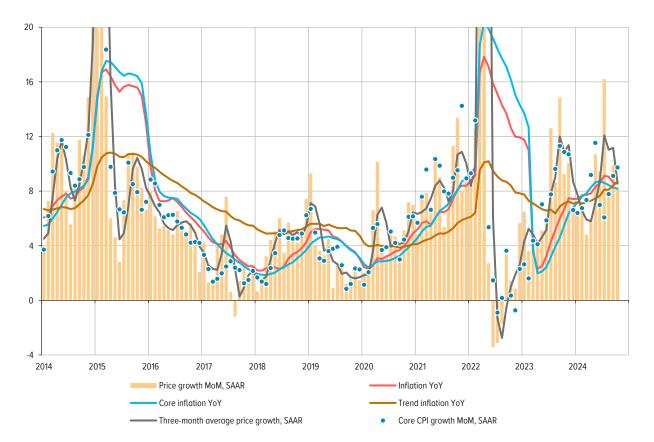
Specifically, the growth of the core CPI net of, among other things, housing and utility services, fruit and vegetables, petroleum products and most transport services accelerated to 9.7% (SAAR) in October (vs 9.1% in September; 7.7% in 2024 Q3; 9.2% in 2024 Q2; 6.8% in 2024 Q1), while that of the core CPI net of tourism services sped up even more considerably to reach 13.5% (SAAR) (vs 9.6% in September).

Annual inflation declined to 8.54% (vs 8.63% in September). As compared to September, the annual growth rate of prices for food products and services was down. The growth rate of prices for services excluding housing and utility services (cumulative since 2017) continues to surpass that of prices for goods (Chart A-5).

Annual inflation excluding fruit and vegetables, petroleum products, housing and utility services, tourism and transport services slowed down less significantly, namely by 0.04 pp to 7.61% (Chart A-2). The core inflation rate and the median of annual growth rates decreased by 0.08 pp to 8.18% and by 0.19 pp to 7.37%, respectively. Estimated trend inflation increased to 8.70%.

INFLATION, CORE INFLATION, AND TREND INFLATION (% CHANGE)

Chart 1



Measures of underlying inflation

Monthly increases in underlying components of consumer inflation (SAAR) rose notably. The growth of the core CPI sped up to 9.7% (SAAR), while that of the core CPI net of tourism services to 13.5% (SAAR). The increase in the CPI excluding fruit and vegetables, petroleum products, housing and utility services, tourism and transport services was up to 12.1% (SAAR), and that in prices for services net of housing and utility services as well as tourism and transport services to 19.3% (SAAR). The growth of the CPI excluding the most volatile components accelerated to 11.5% (SAAR), with the median of monthly price growth rates rising to 8.8% (SAAR). As for the underlying components, prices for personal and medical services as well as public catering went up faster (SA) in October as compared to September.

Overall price pressure increased, with the main proinflationary factor being high domestic demand that continues to outpace the capacities to expand supply. This keeps inflation and underlying components of monthly price growth (SAAR) considerably above the target of 4%.

Companies' price expectations remained elevated (Chart A-42). The growth in the index of producer prices for consumer goods sped up (Chart A-43).

Contribution of volatile components

In October, prices for dairy products demonstrated the most considerable growth, while those for eggs, sugar and tourism services experienced the most notable decline (SA). The overall contribution of highly volatile components was negative, following their prominent positive contribution in September. The increase in the CPI excluding these components was up vs September (Charts A-23-A-25).¹

On average, prices for dairy products were growing faster in October than in September. Diary manufacturers continued to pass higher costs through to prices, which was typical for the entire livestock production sector, with global prices also continuing to rise in this segment.

Contrastingly, prices for foreign tourism services dropped, following their growth in the previous month, and those for passenger transport services were increasing more slowly. In addition, prices for domestic tourism services started going down faster. These prices have recently been characterised by elevated volatility, and it is so far difficult to remove seasonal components from their dynamics.

Exchange rate

The ruble continued to depreciate in October 2024. The monthly decrease in the exchange rate of the ruble against the Chinese yuan, US dollar and euro equalled 5.6%, 5.4% and 3.8%, respectively. Over the past three months (the average exchange rate in October vs July), the ruble depreciated against the Chinese yuan, US dollar and euro by 13.2%, 9.9% and 10.6%, respectively (Chart A-27). However, its dynamics barely changed over the 12-month period (the average exchange rate in October 2024 vs October 2023): the ruble weakened against the Chinese yuan and euro by 2.0% and 2.6%, respectively, but strengthened against the US dollar by 0.9%.

The growth in prices (SAAR) for most goods whose prices are more sensitive to the exchange rate sped up in October month-on-month, whereas foreign tourism services became notably cheaper (Chart A-28).

¹ The chart shows the groups of goods and services where prices rose by more than 2.5% or decreased by over 1.5% during at least one of the past two months.

Global prices

Over the past three months, global prices for meat, grains, vegetable oils, steel, copper and timber climbed, while those for crude oil went down. Adjusted for the exchange rate dynamics, the drop in prices for crude oil was modest in the ruble equivalent (Chart A-29).

Annual inflation in most major economies has remained overall stable in recent months (Charts A-46 and A-47).

Inflation in Russian regions

In October 2024, the monthly growth of consumer prices quickened month-on-month in 66 out of the 82² Russian regions accounting for 80% in the CPI. The distribution of the CPI increases across the regions shifted to the right (Chart A-48).

Annual inflation slowed down in 47 out of the 82 Russian regions accounting for 72% in the CPI. The change in annual inflation in federal districts ranged from -0.22 pp (in the North Caucasian and North-Western Federal Districts) to +0.30 pp (in the Far Eastern Federal District). The variance of annual inflation decreased.

² The autonomous regions' statistics were taken into account in the respective regions' data. Official statistics on the main social and economic indicators of the constituent territories of the Russian Federation do not include statistics on the Donetsk People's Republic, the Lugansk People's Republic, the Zaporozhye Region, and the Kherson Region.

Ratio between monthly and annual price increases

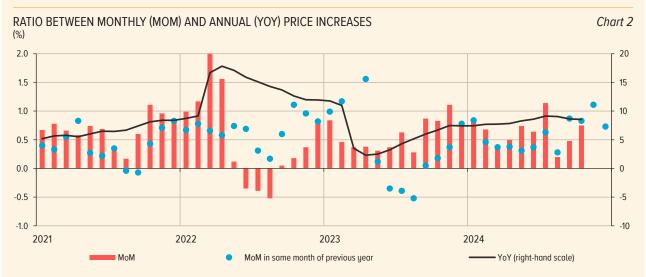
The most frequently used measure of price dynamics is the growth rates of consumer basket prices over a year (YoY) and a month (MoM).

An increase in consumer prices YoY (annual inflation) is a convenient measure to analyse long-term inflation trends. This is the indicator for which the Bank of Russia sets the inflation target of 'close to 4%' within the framework of its monetary policy.

However, to assess and forecast current price pressure and make decisions on monetary policy, the Bank of Russia relies on either the price growth rate MoM, usually seasonally adjusted (SA), or the three-month average price growth rate (MoM SA). These are the measures that characterise current price pressure forming under the influence of earlier monetary policy decisions and reflect price pressure that will be forming under the influence of currently made decisions.

Annual and monthly price dynamics are interrelated. Annual inflation is calculated based on monthly price growth rates over the past 12 months. This is why the annual rate changes rather slowly from month to month: 11 of the 12 MoM increases included in this rate are identical for the adjacent months. During an individual month, annual inflation changes by the difference between monthly price increases over this month and the same month of the previous year (the influence of the latter on annual inflation is often referred to as 'the base effect'). For example, in October 2024, annual inflation dropped by -0.09 pp to 8.54%, which is close to the difference between MoM price growth rates in October 2024 (0.75%) and October 2023 (0.83%).

Thus, the dynamics of annual inflation and MoM growth rates may differ. Annual inflation decelerates when MoM price growth rates are lower than those recorded in the corresponding months of the previous year.



Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

RATIO BETWEEN MONTHLY (MOM) AND ANNUAL (YOY) PRICE INCREASES (%)

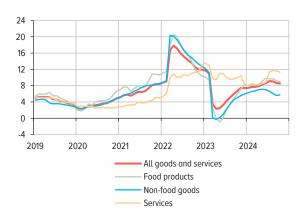
Table 2

		2023 2024											
Growth	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	filnf	August	September	October
MoM	+0.83	+1.11	+0.73	+0.86	+0.68	+0.39	+0.50	+0.74	+0.64	+1.14	+0.20	+0.48	+0.75
MoM in same month of previous year	+0.18	+0.37	+0.78	+0.84	+0.46	+0.37	+0.38	+0.31	+0.37	+0.63	+0.28	+0.87	+0.83
Difference in MoM dynamics in 2024 and 2023	+0.65	+0.74	-0.05	+0.02	+0.22	+0.02	+0.12	+0.43	+0.27	+0.51	-0.08	-0.39	-0.08
YoY	+6.69	+7.48	+7.42	+7.44	+7.69	+7.72	+7.84	+8.30	+8.59	+9.13	+9.05	+8.63	+8.54
YoY change vs previous month	+0.69	+0.79	-0.06	+0.02	+0.25	+0.03	+0.12	+0.46	+0.29	+0.54	-0.08	-0.42	-0.09

ANNEX 1

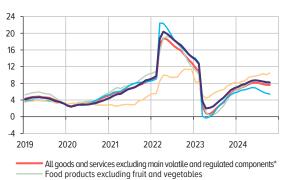
Analytical charts and tables

PRICES FOR MAIN GROUPS OF GOODS AND SERVICES Chart A-1 (% CHANGE YOY)



Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

UNDERLYING COMPONENTS OF INFLATION Chart A-2 (% CHANGE YOY)



Non-food goods excluding petroleum products Services excluding housing and utility services, tourism, and transport $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

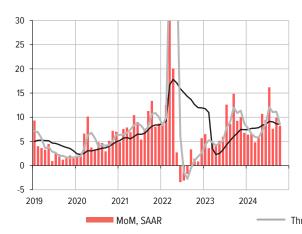
* Excluding fruit and vegetables, petroleum products, housing and utility services, and foreign tourism. Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

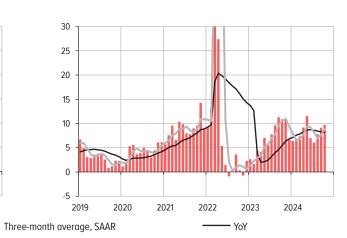
ALL GOODS AND SERVICES (%)

Chart A-3

CORE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (%)

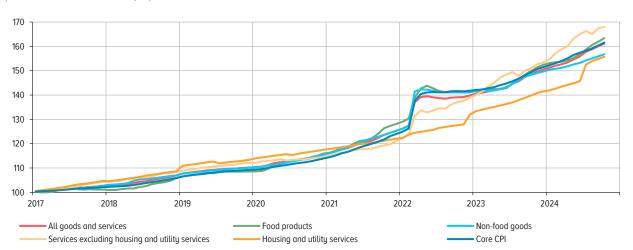
Chart A-4





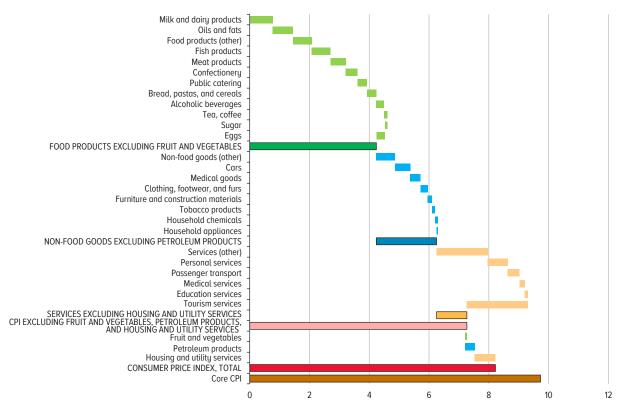
Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

PRICE GROWTH (% CHANGE ON DECEMBER 2016, SA) Chart A-5



CPI GROWTH COMPONENTS IN OCTOBER (PP, SAAR)

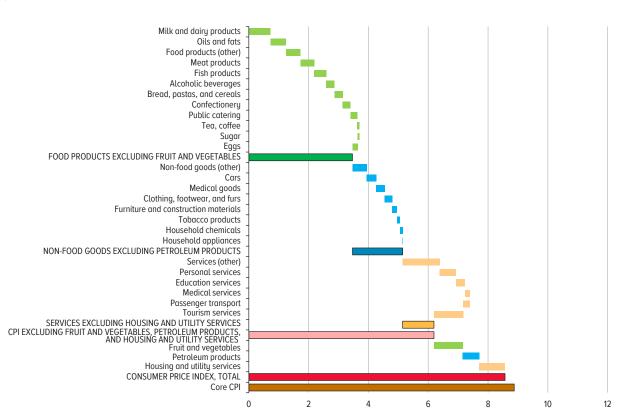
Chart A-6

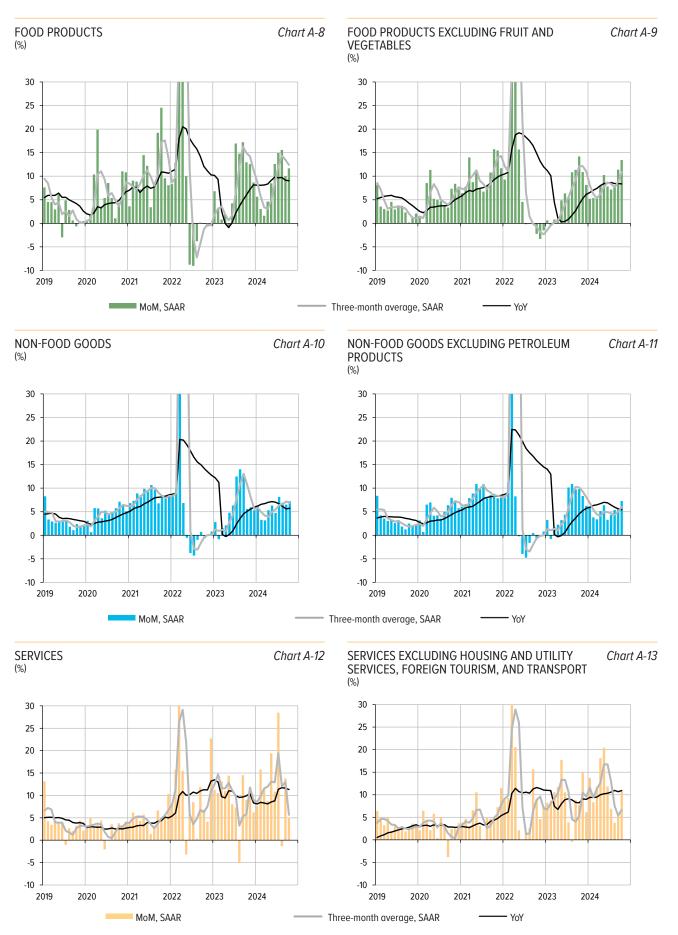


Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

COMPONENTS OF AVERAGE MONTHLY CPI GROWTH (AUGUST-OCTOBER 2024) (PP, SAAR)

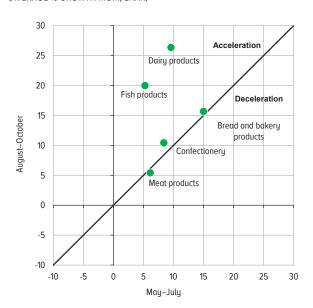
Chart A-7





FOOD PRICES (AVERAGE % GROWTH MOM, SAAR)

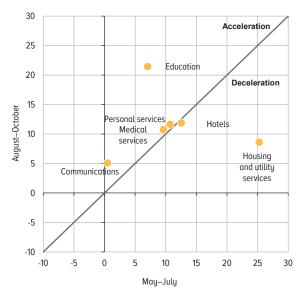
Chart A-14



Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

SERVICES PRICES (AVERAGE % GROWTH MOM, SAAR)

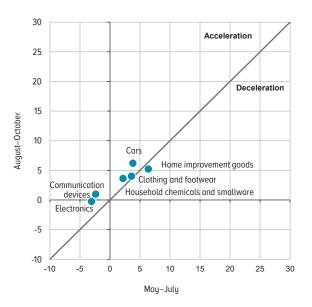
Chart A-16



Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

NON-FOOD PRICES (AVERAGE % GROWTH MOM, SAAR)

Chart A-15

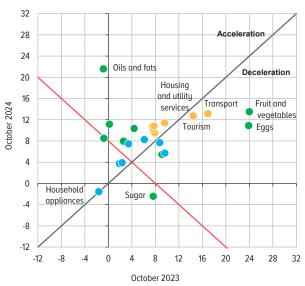


Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

PRICES FOR MAIN GROUPS OF GOODS AND SERVICES*

Chart A-17

(% GROWTH YOY)



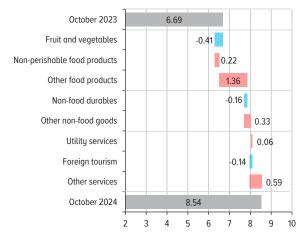
* If a plotted point is above the black line, this means that price growth in this product group in October 2024 was higher than in October 2023. If a plotted point is above the red line, this means that the two-year average price growth in this product group exceeds 4%

CONTRIBUTION TO CHANGE IN ANNUAL INFLATION *Chart A-18* IN SEPTEMBER-OCTOBER 2024 (pp)



Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

CONTRIBUTION TO CHANGE IN ANNUAL INFLATION *Chart A-19* IN OCTOBER 2023—OCTOBER 2024



Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

DISTRIBUTION OF ANNUAL PRICE INCREASES*

Chart A-20

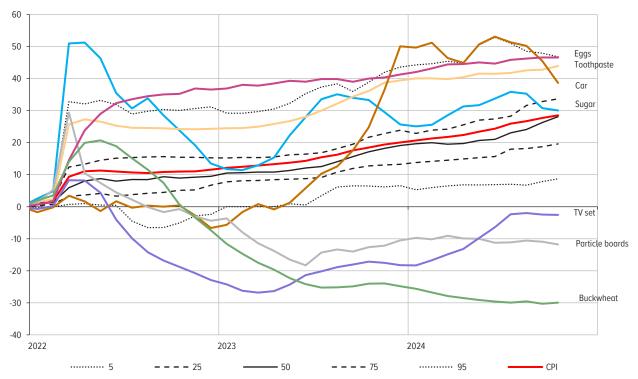


^{*} The chart shows the percentiles of the distribution of annual price increases among CPI basket components. Excluding volatile prices for certain food products (fruit and vegetables, sugar, sunflower oil, and cereals), foreign tourism services, and flights (their share in the CPI in 2023 – 8%).

Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRICE INCREASES AND PRICES FOR CERTAIN GOODS (5–95TH PERCENTILES)* (% ON DECEMBER 2021, SA)

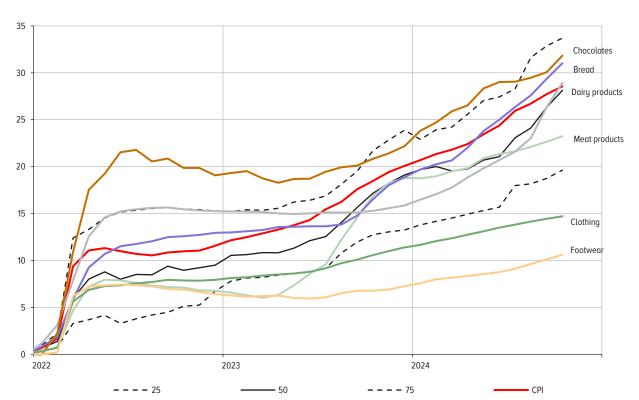
Chart A-21



^{*} The chart shows the percentiles of the distribution of price increases among CPI basket components accumulated since early 2022. Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRICE INCREASES AND PRICES FOR CERTAIN GOODS (25–75TH PERCENTILES)* (% ON DECEMBER 2021, SA)

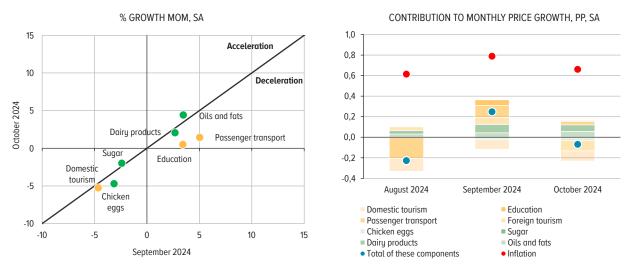
Chart A-22



^{*} The chart shows the percentiles of the distribution of price increases among CPI basket components accumulated since early 2022. Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

GOODS AND SERVICES DEMONSTRATING MOST SIGNIFICANT PRICE CHANGES

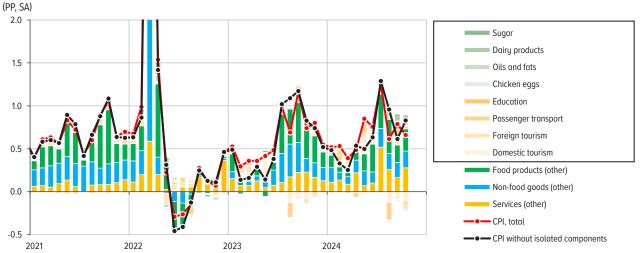
Chart A-23



Note. Charts A-23—A-25 show the groups of goods and services where prices rose by more than 2.5% or decreased by over 1.5% during at least one of the past two months. Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

CONTRIBUTION TO MONTHLY CPI GROWTH

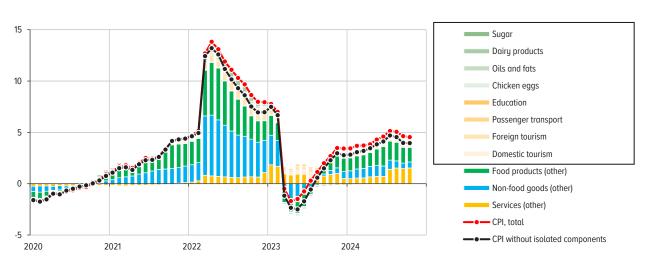
Chart A-24



Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

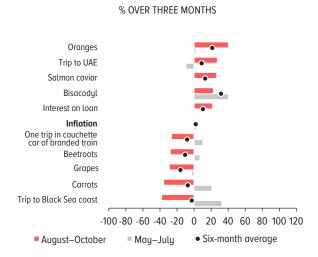
CONTRIBUTION TO DEVIATION OF ANNUAL CPI GROWTH FROM 4% (PP)

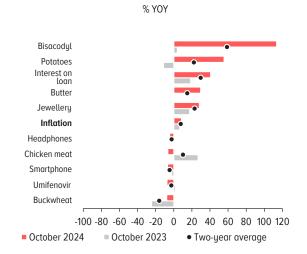
Chart A-25



FIVE PRODUCTS WITH HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICE INCREASES AND INFLATION

Chart A-26

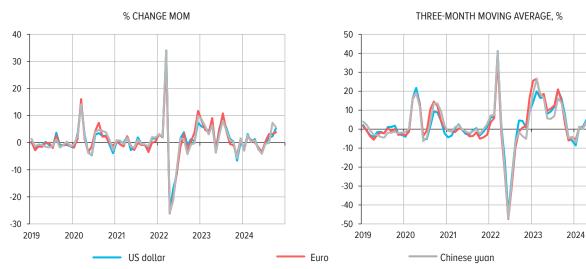




Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

EXCHANGE RATE OF RUBLE AGAINST FOREIGN CURRENCIES

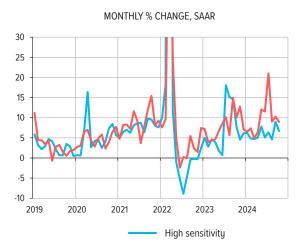
Chart A-27

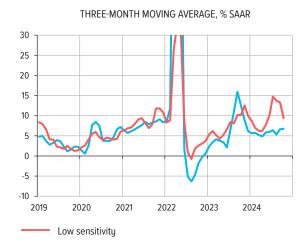


Note. In Charts A-27 and A-28, '+' means depreciation of the Russian ruble against foreign currencies, and '-' means its appreciation. Assessment is based on the average exchange rate. Source: Bank of Russia.

PRICES FOR GOODS AND SERVICES CHARACTERISED BY HIGH AND LOW SENSITIVITY TO EXCHANGE RATE

Chart A-28

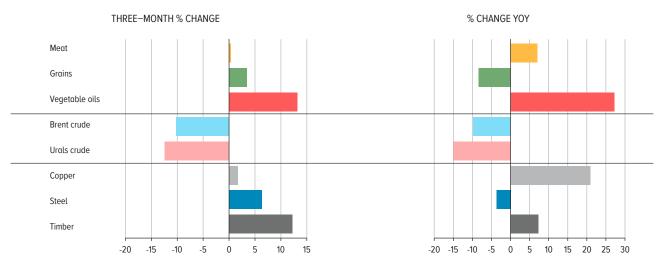




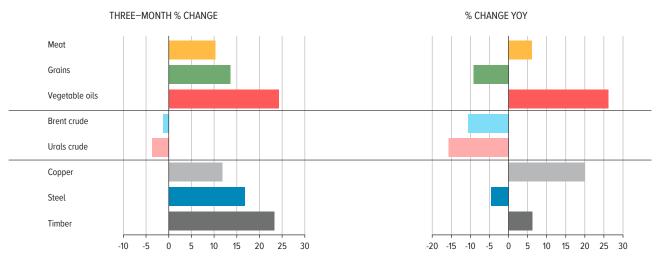
GLOBAL PRICES IN US DOLLARS AND RUBLES

Chart A-29

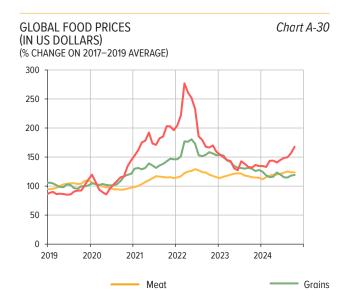
GLOBAL PRICES (IN US DOLLARS)



GLOBAL PRICES (IN RUBLES)



Sources: Bloomberg, Investing, Bank of Russia calculations, UN Food and Agriculture Organization.



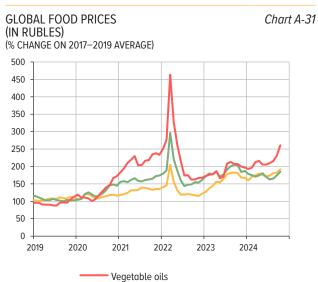
Sources: UN Food and Agriculture Organization, Bank of Russia calculations.

GLOBAL CRUDE AND COPPER PRICES Chart A-32 (IN US DOLLARS) (% CHANGE ON 2017-2019 AVERAGE) 200 150 100 50 0 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Brent Urals

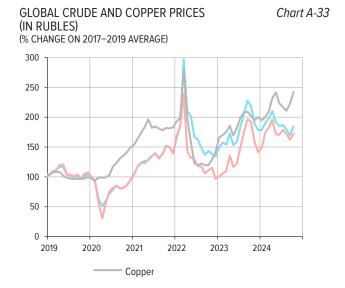
Sources: Bloomberg, Investing, Bank of Russia calculations.

GLOBAL STEEL AND TIMBER PRICES Chart A-34 (IN US DOLLARS) (% CHANGE ON 2017-2019 AVERAGE) 400 350 300 250 200 150 100 50 0 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Steel

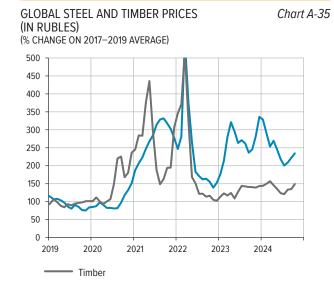
Sources: Bloomberg, Investing, Bank of Russia calculations.



Sources: UN Food and Agriculture Organization, Bank of Russia calculations.



Sources: Bloomberg, Investing, Bank of Russia calculations.



Sources: Bloomberg, Investing, Bank of Russia calculations.



Sources: UN Food and Agriculture Organization, Bank of Russia calculations.

Chart A-38

Urals

Chart A-40

GLOBAL CRUDE AND COPPER PRICES

(IN US DOLLARS)

(THREE-MONTH % CHANGE) 100 75 50 25 0 -25 -50 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

Sources: Bloomberg, Investing, Bank of Russia calculations.

GLOBAL STEEL AND TIMBER PRICES

(IN US DOLLARS)

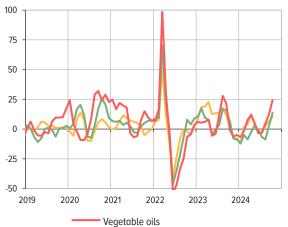
Brent

(THREE-MONTH % CHANGE) 100 75 50 25 -25 -50 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023

Steel

Sources: Bloomberg, Investing, Bank of Russia calculations.



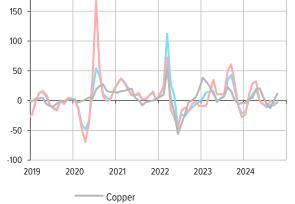


Sources: UN Food and Agriculture Organization, Bank of Russia calculations.

GLOBAL CRUDE AND COPPER PRICES (IN RUBLES) (THREE-MONTH % CHANGE)

Chart A-39

200 150 100 50

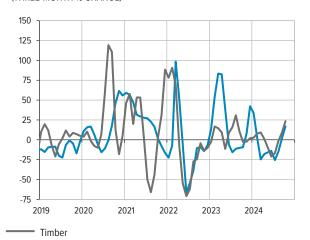


Sources: Bloomberg, Investing, Bank of Russia calculations.

GLOBAL STEEL AND TIMBER PRICES (IN RUBLES)

Chart A-41

(THREE-MONTH % CHANGE)



Sources: Bloomberg, Investing, Bank of Russia calculations.

COMPANIES' PRICE EXPECTATIONS BY KEY INDUSTRY

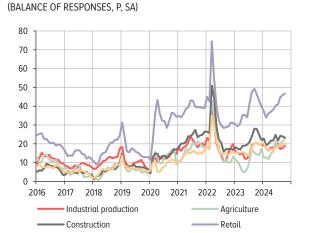
Chart A-42

PRODUCER PRICE INDEX (THREE-MONTH AVERAGE, % SAAR)

50

40

Chart A-43



30 20 10 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 CPI Food products excluding fruit, vegetables and alcohol

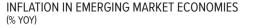
Source: Bank of Russia.

Services

Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

INFLATION IN ADVANCED ECONOMIES (% YOY)

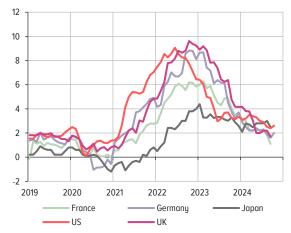
Chart A-44

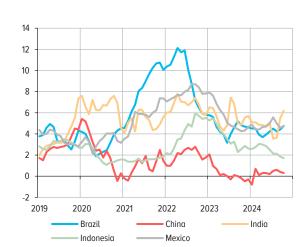


Non-food goods excluding petrol and tobacco

All goods excluding fruit, vegetables, alcohol, petrol and tobacco

Chart A-45





Sources: International Monetary Fund, Investing.

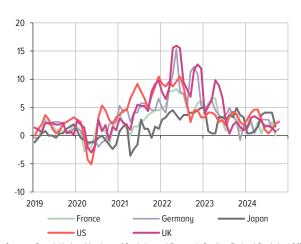
Sources: International Monetary Fund, Investing.

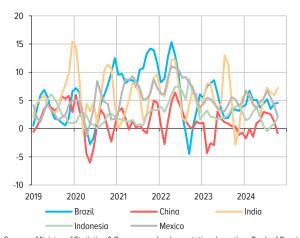
INFLATION IN ADVANCED ECONOMIES (THREE-MONTH AVERAGE, % SAAR)

Chart A-46

INFLATION IN EMERGING MARKET ECONOMIES (THREE-MONTH AVERAGE, % SAAR)

Chart A-47



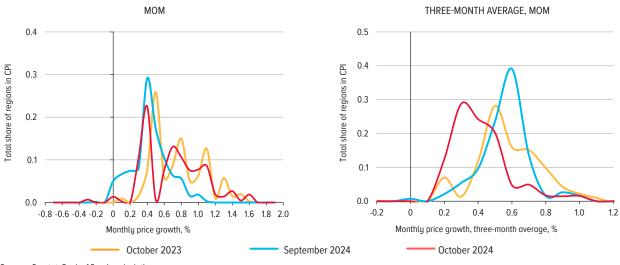


Sources: French National Institute of Statistics and Economic Studies, Federal Statistical Office of Germany, Statistics Bureau of Japan, Wind, Investing, Bank of Russia calculations.

Sources: Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation, Investing, Bank of Russia calculations.

DISTRIBUTION OF MONTHLY PRICE INCREASES BY REGION

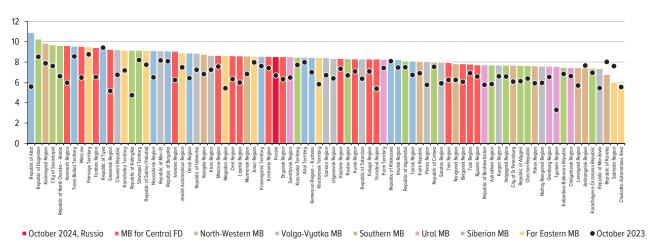
Chart A-48



Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

INFLATION IN RUSSIAN REGIONS IN OCTOBER (% CHANGE YOY)

Chart A-49



Sources: Rosstat, Bank of Russia calculations.

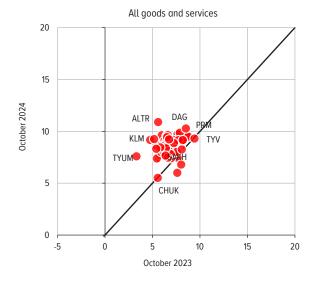
INFLATION IN FEDERAL DISTRICTS (% CHANGE YOY)

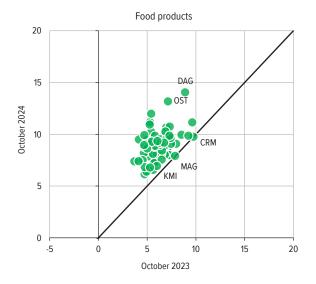
Table A-1

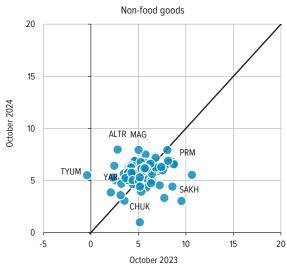
Federal district	October 2023	September 2024	October 2024	Price growth, October on September 2024
Far Eastern FD	7.67	8.55	8.85	0.30
Southern FD	7.08	8.20	8.26	0.06
Urals FD	5.35	7.89	7.88	-0.01
Siberian FD	7.22	8.67	8.59	-0.08
Central FD	6.65	9.15	9.06	-0.09
Russia	6.69	8.63	8.54	-0.09
Volga FD	6.43	8.34	8.15	-0.19
North Caucasian FD	7.80	9.36	9.14	-0.22
North-Western FD	6.49	8.12	7.90	-0.22

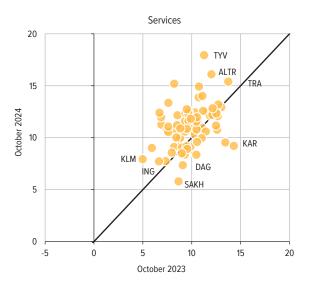
INCREASES IN PRICES FOR MAIN COMPONENTS BY REGION (% YOY)

Chart A-50



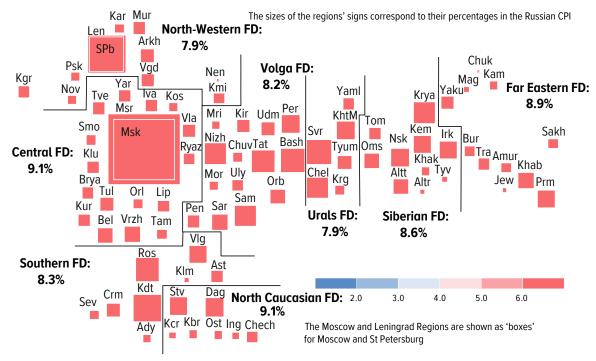






INFLATION IN RUSSIAN REGIONS (PRICE GROWTH IN OCTOBER 2024 YOY)

Chart A-51



Note. Official statistics on the main social and economic indicators of the constituent territories of the Russian Federation do not include statistics on the Donetsk People's Republic, the Lugansk People's Republic, the Zaporozhye Region, and the Kherson Region.
Source: Rosstat.

ABBREVIATIONS FOR REGIONS

Ady	Republic of Adygea	Kos	Kostroma Region	Sam	Samara Region
Altt	Altai Territory	Krya	Krasnoyarsk Territory	Sar	Saratov Region
Altr	Republic of Altai	Kdt	Krasnodar Territory	Sakh	Sakhalin Region
Amur	Amur Region	Crm	Republic of Crimea	Svr	Sverdlovsk Region
		Kur	'	Sev	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Arkh	Arkhangelsk Region	-	Kursk Region		City of Sevastopol
Ast	Astrakhan Region	Krg	Kurgan Region	Smo	Smolensk Region
Bash	Republic of Bashkortostan	Kcr	Karachayevo-Circassian Republic	SPb	City of St Petersburg
Bel	Belgorod Region	Len	Leningrad Region	Stv	Stavropol Territory
Brya	Bryansk Region	Lip	Lipetsk Region	Tam	Tambov Region
Bur	Republic of Buryatia	Mag	Magadan Region	Tat	Republic of Tatarstan
Vla	Vladimir Region	Mri	Republic of Mari El	Tve	Tver Region
Vlg	Volgograd Region	Msr	Moscow Region	Tom	Tomsk Region
Vgd	Vologda Region	Mor	Republic of Mordovia	Tul	Tula Region
Vrzh	Voronezh Region	Msk	Moscow	Tyv	Republic of Tyva
Dag	Republic of Dagestan	Mur	Murmansk Region	Tyum	Tyumen Region
Jew	Jewish Autonomous Region	Nen	Nenets Autonomous Area	Udm	Republic of Udmurtia
Tra	Trans-Baikal Territory	Nizh	Nizhny Novgorod Region	Uly	Ulyanovsk Region
lva	Ivanovo Region	Nov	Novgorod Region	Khab	Khabarovsk Territory
Ing	Republic of Ingushetia	Nsk	Novosibirsk Region	Khak	Republic of Khakassia
lrk	Irkutsk Region	Oms	Omsk Region	KhtM	Khanty-Mansi Autonomous Area — Yugra
Klm	Republic of Kalmykia	Orb	Orenburg Region	Chel	Chelyabinsk Region
Klu	Kaluga Region	Orl	Orel Region	Chech	Chechen Republic
Kam	Kamchatka Territory	Ost	Republic of North Ossetia – Alania	Chuv	Chuvash Republic
Kar	Republic of Karelia	Pen	Penza Region	Chuk	Chukotka Autonomous Area
Kbr	Kabardino-Balkarian Republic	Per	Perm Territory	Yaku	Republic of Sakha (Yakutia)
Kem	Kemerovo Region – Kuzbass	Prm	Primorye Territory	Yaml	Yamalo-Nenets Autonomous Area
Kir	Kirov Region	Psk	Pskov Region	Yar	Yaroslavl Region
Kgr	Kaliningrad Region	Ros	Rostov Region		
Kmi	Komi Republic	Ryaz	Ryazan Region]	

ANNEX 2

Statistical tables and charts

CONSUMER PRICES BY GROUP OF GOODS AND SERVICES (% CHANGE MOM)

Table A-2

	Inflation	Core inflation	Growth of food prices	Growth of food prices ¹	Growth of fruit and vegetable prices	Growth of non- food prices	Growth of prices for non-food goods excluding petrol	Growth of services
2022								
January	0.99	0.82	1.44	0.74	6.59	0.67	0.64	0.76
February	1.17	1.04	1.56	0.96	5.66	0.78	0.87	1.13
March	7.61	9.05	6.73	5.59	14.22	11.25	12.83	3.99
April	1.56	2.01	2.87	3.40	-0.35	0.53	0.62	1.07
May	0.12	0.40	0.60	1.04	-2.21	-0.09	-0.08	-0.32
June	-0.35	0.18	-1.10	0.20	-9.57	-0.41	-0.44	0.88
July	-0.39	-0.18	-1.53	-0.15	-11.53	-0.44	-0.49	1.41
August	-0.52	0.00	-1.36	-0.08	-11.82	-0.05	-0.10	0.05
September	0.05	0.30	-0.38	0.03	-4.11	0.15	0.15	0.51
October	0.18	0.03	0.28	-0.05	3.45	0.04	0.04	0.24
November	0.37	0.18	0.40	-0.15	5.58	0.06	0.06	0.76
December	0.78	-0.03	0.60	0.01	5.83	0.05	0.05	2.04
2023								
January	0.84	0.30	1.32	0.06	11.38	0.21	0.24	1.01
February	0.46	0.13	0.79	-0.03	6.69	-0.08	-0.08	0.72
March	0.37	0.37	0.13	0.15	0.06	0.14	0.15	0.97
April	0.38	0.31	0.29	0.09	1.61	0.15	0.16	0.79
May	0.31	0.52	-0.31	0.21	-3.80	0.34	0.25	1.13
June	0.37	0.49	-0.01	0.33	-2.35	0.42	0.26	0.83
July	0.63	0.53	0.49	0.31	1.77	0.91	0.72	0.48
August	0.28	0.75	-0.06	0.78	-5.96	1.14	0.94	-0.32
September	0.87	0.92	0.86	0.94	0.24	1.09	0.94	0.61
October	0.83	0.89	1.35	1.27	1.91	0.55	0.87	0.48
November	1.11	1.01	1.55	1.03	5.51	0.53	0.72	1.23
December	0.73	0.41	1.49	0.85	6.08	0.42	0.48	0.10
2024								
January	0.86	0.60	1.26	0.43	7.30	0.47	0.46	0.78
February	0.68	0.54	0.77	0.44	3.01	0.26	0.30	1.06
March	0.39	0.60	0.17	0.51	-2.09	0.27	0.29	0.83
April	0.50	0.71	0.49	0.65	-0.57	0.41	0.39	0.62
May	0.74	0.87	0.41	0.60	-0.83	0.46	0.45	1.53
June	0.64	0.58	0.63	0.43	2.02	0.29	0.16	1.06
July	1.14	0.40	0.36	0.44	-0.22	0.58	0.30	2.86
August	0.20	0.60	-0.01	0.56	-3.96	0.60	0.50	0.01
September	0.48	0.75	0.34	0.95	-4.17	0.62	0.56	0.51
October	0.75	0.81	1.23	1.20	1.44	0.68	0.70	0.21

¹ Excluding fruit and vegetables. Note. Tables A-2—A-8 — Rosstat's data, Bank of Russia calculations.

CONSUMER PRICES BY GROUP OF GOODS AND SERVICES (% CHANGE MOM, SA) $\,$

	Inflation	Core inflation	Growth of food prices	Growth of food prices ¹	Growth of fruit and vegetable prices	Growth of non- food prices	Growth of prices for non-food goods excluding petrol	Growth of services
2022		,					,	
January	0.68	0.74	0.67	0.74	0.16	0.69	0.66	0.65
February	0.99	1.04	1.01	0.96	1.39	0.79	0.88	1.22
March	7.58	9.04	6.62	5.49	14.09	11.24	12.82	4.06
April	1.54	2.04	2.70	3.38	-1.42	0.55	0.65	1.21
May	0.22	0.44	0.80	1.22	-1.90	-0.05	-0.03	-0.27
June	-0.29	0.12	-0.76	0.37	-8.15	-0.32	-0.34	0.47
July	-0.26	-0.08	-0.79	-0.02	-6.38	-0.37	-0.41	0.68
August	-0.14	0.01	-0.32	-0.01	-2.93	-0.08	-0.13	0.03
September	0.28	0.30	0.01	0.00	0.12	0.06	0.05	0.94
October	0.12	0.03	-0.01	-0.19	1.71	-0.05	-0.06	0.55
November	0.07	-0.06	-0.06	-0.28	2.08	0.01	0.00	0.34
December	0.46	0.19	-0.04	-0.13	0.71	0.07	0.07	1.72
2023								
January	0.53	0.22	0.55	0.05	4.49	0.23	0.26	0.89
February	0.29	0.13	0.26	-0.04	2.40	-0.07	-0.07	0.84
March	0.36	0.36	0.07	0.07	0.12	0.13	0.14	1.03
April	0.36	0.34	0.16	0.08	0.67	0.17	0.19	0.87
May	0.42	0.57	-0.07	0.40	-3.24	0.39	0.31	1.13
June	0.48	0.48	0.35	0.51	-0.81	0.51	0.36	0.65
July	0.99	0.63	1.31	0.44	7.50	0.98	0.81	0.59
August	0.69	0.77	1.15	0.86	3.22	1.10	0.89	-0.43
September	1.16	0.90	1.33	0.90	4.56	1.00	0.83	1.14
October	0.74	0.86	1.02	1.11	0.28	0.45	0.76	0.72
November	0.80	0.85	0.99	0.87	1.97	0.48	0.66	0.93
December	0.55	0.53	0.70	0.65	0.97	0.43	0.49	0.50
2024		'					'	
January	0.52	0.52	0.46	0.42	0.68	0.49	0.49	0.62
February	0.53	0.55	0.25	0.44	-1.03	0.27	0.31	1.23
March	0.39	0.59	0.13	0.43	-1.88	0.26	0.28	0.90
April	0.49	0.73	0.38	0.64	-1.37	0.43	0.42	0.70
May	0.85	0.91	0.68	0.82	-0.17	0.51	0.51	1.49
June	0.76	0.56	0.99	0.63	3.53	0.39	0.27	0.87
July	1.26	0.49	1.17	0.58	5.20	0.65	0.38	2.11
August	0.61	0.63	1.21	0.64	5.21	0.56	0.46	-0.11
September	0.79	0.73	0.80	0.90	-0.02	0.53	0.45	1.08
October	0.66	0.78	0.92	1.06	-0.12	0.58	0.58	0.41

¹Excluding fruit and vegetables.

CONSUMER PRICES BY GROUP OF GOODS AND SERVICES (% CUMULATIVE, YEAR-TO-DATE)

	Inflation	Core inflation	Growth of food prices	Growth of food prices ¹	Growth of fruit and vegetable prices	Growth of non- food prices	Growth of prices for non-food goods excluding petrol	Growth of services prices
2022								
January	0.99	0.82	1.44	0.74	6.59	0.67	0.64	0.76
February	2.17	1.87	3.02	1.71	12.62	1.46	1.52	1.90
March	9.95	11.09	9.95	7.40	28.63	12.87	14.54	5.97
April	11.67	13.32	13.11	11.05	28.18	13.47	15.25	7.10
May	11.80	13.77	13.79	12.20	25.35	13.37	15.17	6.76
June	11.41	13.97	12.54	12.42	13.35	12.91	14.66	7.70
July	10.98	13.76	10.82	12.25	0.28	12.41	14.10	9.22
August	10.40	13.76	9.31	12.16	-11.57	12.35	13.98	9.27
September	10.46	14.10	8.89	12.19	-15.20	12.52	14.16	9.83
October	10.66	14.13	9.19	12.13	-12.27	12.57	14.21	10.09
November	11.07	14.34	9.63	11.96	-7.37	12.64	14.28	10.93
December	11.94	14.31	10.29	11.97	-1.97	12.70	14.34	13.19
2023								
January	0.84	0.30	1.32	0.06	11.38	0.21	0.24	1.01
February	1.30	0.43	2.12	0.03	18.83	0.13	0.16	1.74
March	1.67	0.80	2.25	0.18	18.90	0.27	0.31	2.73
April	2.06	1.11	2.55	0.27	20.81	0.42	0.47	3.54
May	2.38	1.64	2.23	0.48	16.22	0.76	0.73	4.71
June	2.76	2.14	2.22	0.81	13.49	1.18	0.98	5.58
July	3.41	2.68	2.72	1.12	15.50	2.10	1.71	6.09
August	3.70	3.45	2.66	1.91	8.62	3.26	2.66	5.75
September	4.60	4.40	3.54	2.87	8.88	4.39	3.62	6.40
October	5.47	5.33	4.94	4.18	10.96	4.96	4.52	6.91
November	6.64	6.39	6.57	5.25	17.07	5.52	5.28	8.22
December	7.42	6.83	8.16	6.14	24.19	5.96	5.78	8.33
2024								
January	0.86	0.60	1.26	0.43	7.30	0.47	0.46	0.78
February	1.55	1.14	2.04	0.87	10.53	0.73	0.76	1.85
March	1.95	1.75	2.21	1.38	8.22	1.00	1.05	2.70
April	2.46	2.47	2.71	2.04	7.60	1.41	1.44	3.34
May	3.22	3.36	3.13	2.65	6.71	1.88	1.90	4.92
June	3.88	3.96	3.78	3.09	8.87	2.18	2.07	6.03
July	5.06	4.38	4.15	3.54	8.63	2.77	2.37	9.06
August	5.27	5.01	4.14	4.12	4.33	3.39	2.89	9.07
September	5.78	5.80	4.49	5.11	-0.02	4.03	3.46	9.63
October	6.57	6.66	5.78	6.37	1.42	4.74	4.18	9.86

¹Excluding fruit and vegetables.

CONSUMER PRICES BY GROUP OF GOODS AND SERVICES (% CHANGE YOY)

	Inflation	Core inflation	Growth of food prices	Growth of non- food prices ¹	Growth of fruit and vegetable prices	Growth of non- food prices	Growth of prices for non-food goods excluding petrol	Growth of services prices
2022								
January	8.73	9.24	11.09	10.48	15.96	8.73	8.72	5.38
February	9.15	9.74	11.46	10.86	16.05	8.96	9.09	6.10
March	16.69	18.69	17.99	15.70	34.83	20.34	22.27	9.94
April	17.83	20.37	20.48	18.78	33.00	20.19	22.20	10.87
May	17.10	19.87	20.05	19.20	26.35	19.20	21.13	10.03
June	15.90	19.18	17.98	18.95	11.63	17.92	19.76	10.17
July	15.10	18.40	16.76	18.26	6.04	16.50	18.26	10.75
August	14.30	17.71	15.77	17.50	2.07	15.51	17.30	10.45
September	13.68	17.11	14.20	16.49	-3.89	14.94	16.57	11.01
October	12.63	16.16	12.08	14.86	-8.49	14.10	15.69	11.27
November	11.98	15.06	11.12	13.16	-4.08	13.36	14.96	11.22
December	11.94	14.31	10.29	11.97	-1.97	12.70	14.33	13.19
2023								
January	11.77	13.72	10.16	11.21	2.44	12.19	13.88	13.47
February	10.99	12.69	9.33	10.12	3.44	11.22	12.80	13.01
March	3.51	3.72	2.57	4.44	-9.39	0.12	0.12	9.73
April	2.31	1.99	-0.01	1.10	-7.61	-0.26	-0.33	9.43
May	2.51	2.12	-0.91	0.27	-9.11	0.16	0.00	11.02
June	3.25	2.44	0.18	0.41	-1.85	0.99	0.70	10.96
July	4.30	3.18	2.23	0.87	12.91	2.36	1.93	9.95
August	5.15	3.95	3.58	1.74	20.41	3.58	2.98	9.54
September	6.00	4.59	4.87	2.67	25.87	4.56	3.79	9.66
October	6.69	5.50	6.00	4.03	23.99	5.08	4.65	9.92
November	7.48	6.36	7.21	5.26	23.89	5.58	5.34	10.42
December	7.42	6.83	8.16	6.14	24.19	5.96	5.79	8.33
2024								
January	7.44	7.15	8.10	6.53	19.64	6.23	6.02	8.08
February	7.69	7.59	8.08	7.03	15.52	6.59	6.42	8.45
March	7.72	7.84	8.12	7.41	13.03	6.73	6.57	8.30
April	7.84	8.27	8.33	8.01	10.61	7.00	6.81	8.12
May	8.30	8.64	9.11	8.43	14.03	7.14	7.03	8.55
June	8.59	8.73	9.81	8.54	19.13	7.01	6.92	8.79
July	9.13	8.60	9.67	8.68	16.80	6.66	6.47	11.36
August	9.05	8.44	9.72	8.44	19.29	6.09	6.01	11.73
September	8.63	8.26	9.15	8.45	14.04	5.59	5.62	11.62
October	8.54	8.18	9.03	8.37	13.51	5.74	5.43	11.32

¹Excluding fruit and vegetables.

CONTRIBUTION OF PRICE CHANGES TO INFLATION BY GROUP OF GOODS AND SERVICES, YEAR-TO-DATE $_{(PP)}$

	Food products ¹	Non-food goods	Services	Fruit and vegetables	Inflation over period, %	Core inflation	Non-core inflation ²
2022							
January	0.25	0.24	0.20	0.30	0.99	0.58	0.41
February	0.57	0.52	0.50	0.58	2.17	1.32	0.85
March	2.48	4.59	1.57	1.31	9.95	7.85	2.10
April	3.70	4.80	1.87	1.29	11.67	9.43	2.24
May	4.08	4.76	1.78	1.16	11.80	9.75	2.05
June	4.16	4.60	2.03	0.61	11.41	9.89	1.52
July	4.10	4.42	2.43	0.01	10.98	9.74	1.24
August	4.07	4.40	2.44	-0.53	10.40	9.74	0.66
September	4.08	4.46	2.59	-0.70	10.46	9.98	0.48
October	4.06	4.48	2.66	-0.56	10.66	10.00	0.66
November	4.00	4.50	2.88	-0.34	11.07	10.15	0.92
December	4.01	4.52	3.47	-0.09	11.94	10.13	1.81
2023							
January	0.02	0.07	0.28	0.47	0.84	0.21	0.63
February	0.01	0.05	0.47	0.79	1.30	0.31	0.99
March	0.06	0.09	0.74	0.79	1.67	0.57	1.10
April	0.09	0.15	0.96	0.87	2.06	0.79	1.27
May	0.16	0.27	1.28	0.68	2.38	1.17	1.21
June	0.27	0.41	1.52	0.56	2.76	1.52	1.24
July	0.38	0.74	1.66	0.65	3.41	1.91	1.50
August	0.64	1.15	1.57	0.36	3.70	2.46	1.24
September	0.96	1.54	1.74	0.37	4.60	3.14	1.46
October	1.40	1.74	1.88	0.46	5.47	3.80	1.67
November	1.76	1.94	2.24	0.71	6.64	4.55	2.09
December	2.06	2.09	2.27	1.01	7.42	4.87	2.55
2024							
January	0.14	0.16	0.22	0.34	0.86	0.42	0.44
February	0.29	0.25	0.52	0.48	1.55	0.81	0.74
March	0.46	0.34	0.75	0.38	1.95	1.24	0.71
April	0.68	0.48	0.93	0.35	2.46	1.75	0.71
May	0.88	0.64	1.37	0.31	3.22	2.37	0.85
June	1.03	0.74	1.68	0.41	3.88	2.80	1.08
July	1.19	0.94	2.52	0.40	5.06	3.10	1.96
August	1.38	1.15	2.53	0.20	5.27	3.54	1.73
September	1.71	1.37	2.68	0.00	5.78	4.10	1.68
October	2.14	1.61	2.75	0.07	6.57	4.71	1.86

¹ Excluding fruit and vegetables. ² Growth in prices for goods and services not included in the calculation of the core CPI.

CONTRIBUTION OF PRICE CHANGES TO MONTHLY INFLATION BY GROUP OF GOODS AND SERVICES $_{\mbox{\scriptsize (PP)}}$

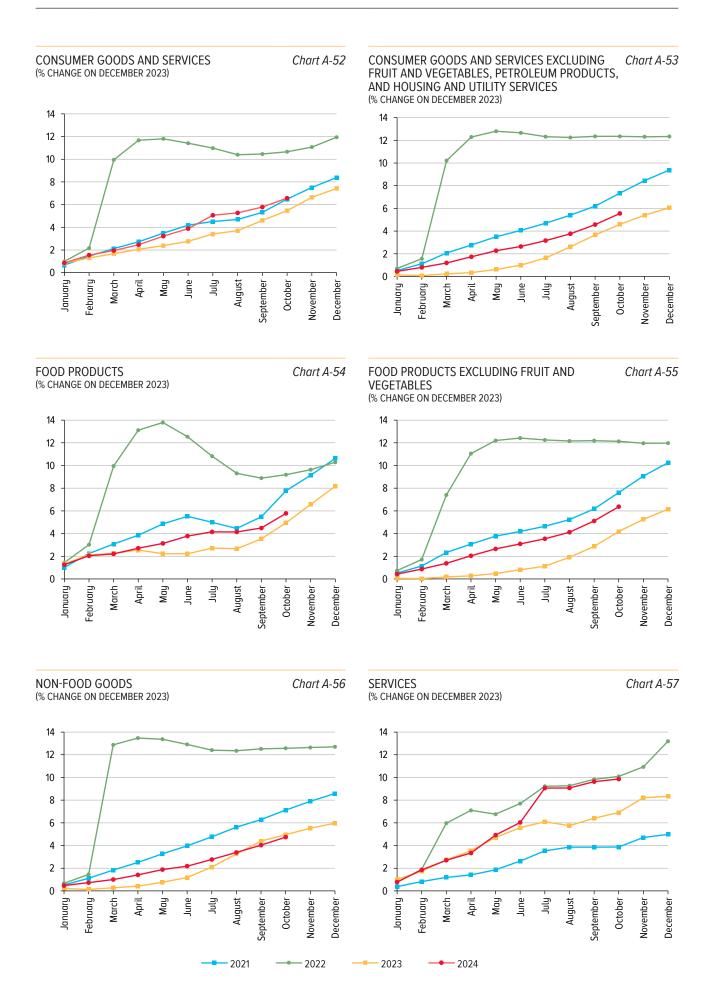
	Food products ¹	Non-food goods	Services	Fruit and vegetables	Inflation over period, %	Core inflation	Non-core inflation ²
2022							
January	0.25	0.24	0.20	0.30	0.99	0.58	0.41
February	0.32	0.28	0.30	0.27	1.17	0.74	0.43
March	1.90	3.98	1.05	0.72	7.61	6.52	1.09
April	1.22	0.19	0.27	-0.02	1.56	1.58	-0.02
May	0.38	-0.03	-0.08	-0.12	0.12	0.32	-0.20
June	0.07	-0.15	0.22	-0.49	-0.35	0.14	-0.49
July	-0.06	-0.16	0.36	-0.54	-0.39	-0.15	-0.24
August	-0.03	-0.02	0.01	-0.49	-0.52	0.00	-0.52
September	0.01	0.05	0.13	-0.15	0.05	0.24	-0.19
October	-0.02	0.01	0.06	0.12	0.18	0.02	0.16
November	-0.06	0.02	0.20	0.20	0.37	0.15	0.22
December	0.00	0.02	0.54	0.22	0.78	-0.02	0.80
2023							'
January	0.02	0.07	0.28	0.47	0.84	0.21	0.63
February	-0.01	-0.03	0.20	0.31	0.46	0.09	0.37
March	0.05	0.05	0.27	0.00	0.37	0.26	0.11
April	0.03	0.05	0.22	0.08	0.38	0.22	0.16
May	0.07	0.12	0.31	-0.19	0.31	0.38	-0.07
June	0.11	0.15	0.23	-0.11	0.37	0.36	0.01
July	0.10	0.31	0.13	0.08	0.63	0.38	0.25
August	0.26	0.40	-0.09	-0.28	0.28	0.55	-0.27
September	0.31	0.38	0.17	0.01	0.87	0.68	0.19
October	0.42	0.19	0.13	0.08	0.83	0.66	0.17
November	0.34	0.19	0.34	0.24	1.11	0.76	0.35
December	0.28	0.15	0.03	0.28	0.73	0.31	0.42
2024							
January	0.14	0.16	0.22	0.34	0.86	0.42	0.44
February	0.15	0.09	0.29	0.15	0.68	0.38	0.30
March	0.17	0.09	0.23	-0.10	0.39	0.43	-0.04
April	0.22	0.14	0.17	-0.03	0.50	0.51	-0.01
May	0.20	0.15	0.43	-0.04	0.74	0.63	0.11
June	0.14	0.10	0.30	0.10	0.64	0.42	0.22
July	0.15	0.19	0.81	-0.01	1.14	0.30	0.84
August	0.18	0.20	0.00	-0.19	0.20	0.45	-0.25
September	0.32	0.21	0.15	-0.19	0.48	0.56	-0.08
October	0.40	0.23	0.06	0.06	0.75	0.61	0.14

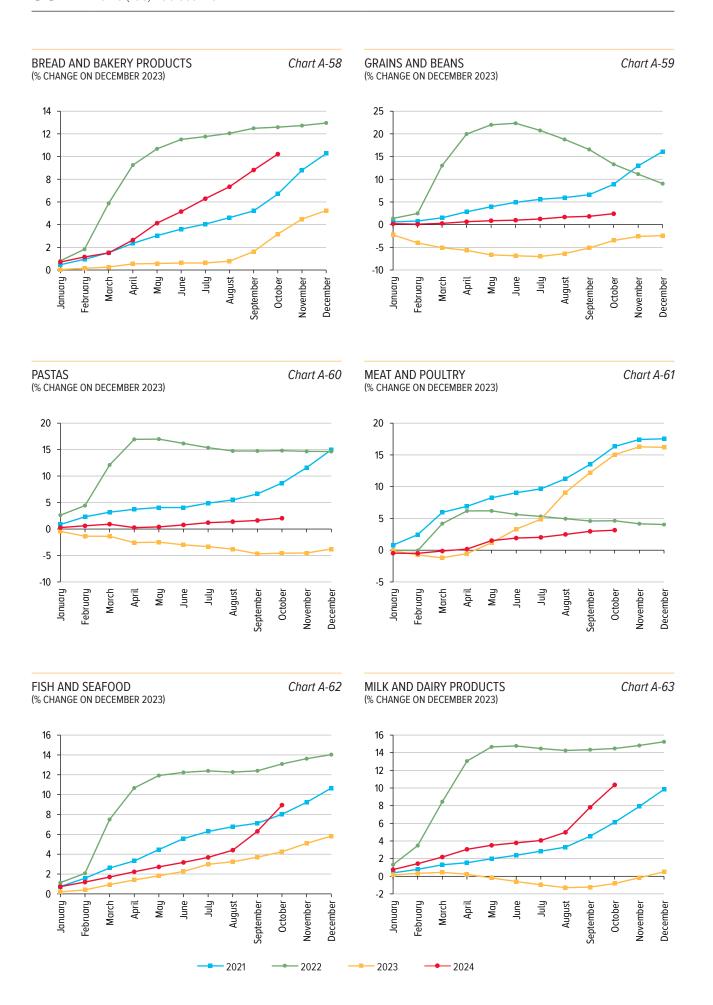
¹ Excluding fruit and vegetables. ² Growth in prices for goods and services not included in the calculation of the core CPI.

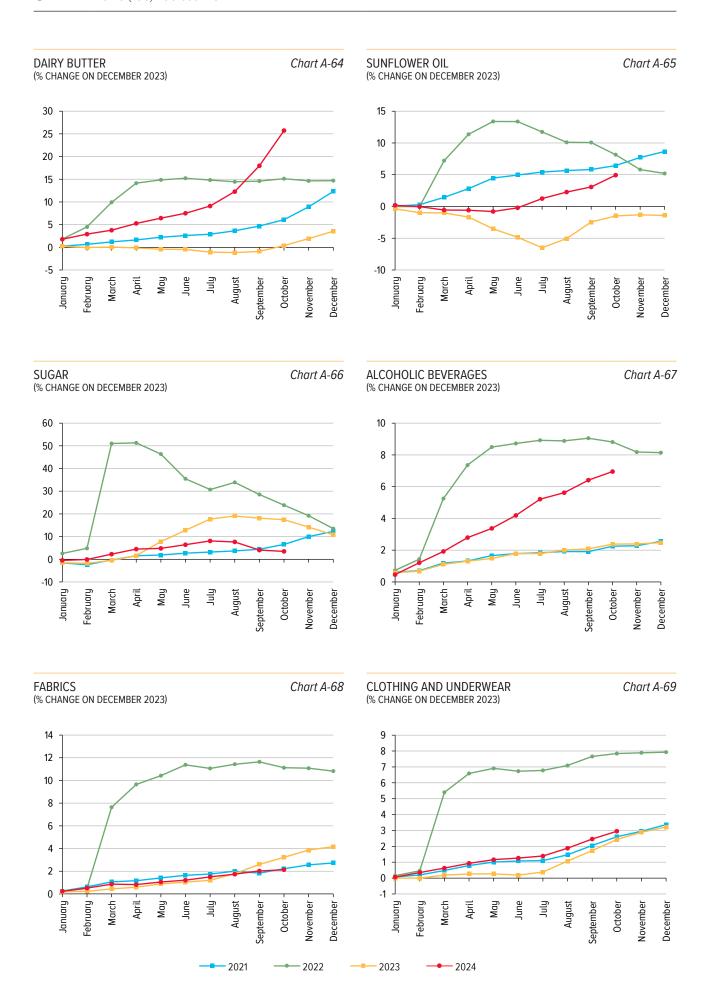
CONTRIBUTION TO INFLATION BY GROUP OF GOODS AND SERVICES, YEAR-TO-DATE $(\!\%\!)$

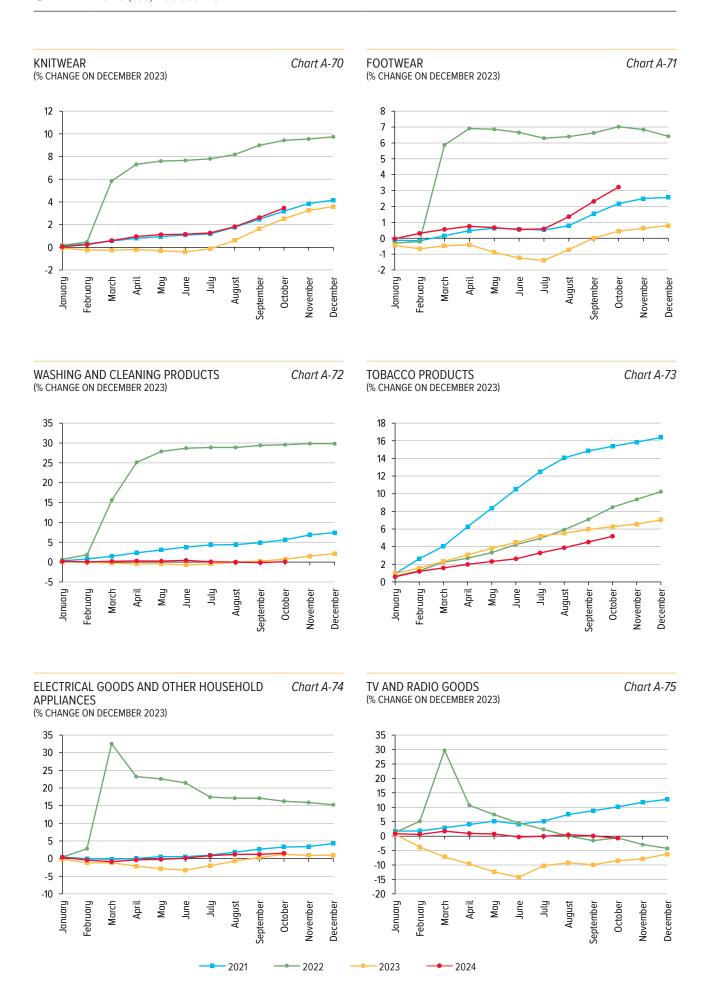
	Food products ¹	Non-food goods	Services	Fruit and vegetables	Core inflation	Non-core inflation ²
2022						
January	25	24	20	31	59	41
February	26	24	23	27	61	39
March	25	46	16	13	79	21
April	32	41	16	11	81	19
May	35	40	15	10	83	17
June	36	40	18	5	87	13
July	37	40	22	0	89	11
August	39	42	23	-5	94	6
September	39	43	25	-7	95	5
October	38	42	25	-5	94	6
November	36	41	26	-3	92	8
December	34	38	29	-1	85	15
2023				'		
January	3	9	33	57	25	75
February	1	4	36	60	24	76
March	4	6	45	47	34	66
April	4	7	47	42	38	62
May	7	11	54	28	49	51
June	10	15	55	20	55	45
July	11	22	49	19	56	44
August	17	31	42	10	66	34
September	21	34	38	8	68	32
October	26	32	34	8	69	31
November	27	29	34	11	69	31
December	28	28	31	14	66	34
2024						
January	17	19	25	39	49	51
February	19	16	33	31	52	48
March	24	17	39	19	63	37
April	28	20	38	14	71	29
May	27	20	43	10	74	26
June	27	19	43	11	72	28
July	23	19	50	8	61	39
August	26	22	48	4	67	33
September	30	24	46	0	71	29
October	33	25	42	1	72	28

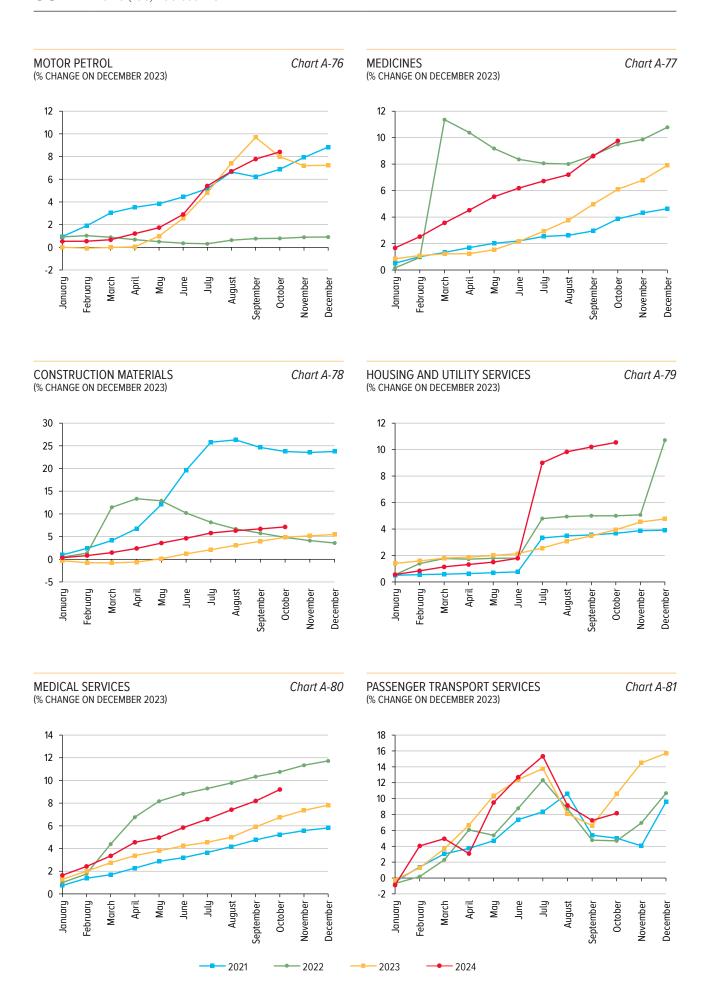
¹ Excluding fruit and vegetables. ² Growth in prices for goods and services not included in the calculation of the core CPI.

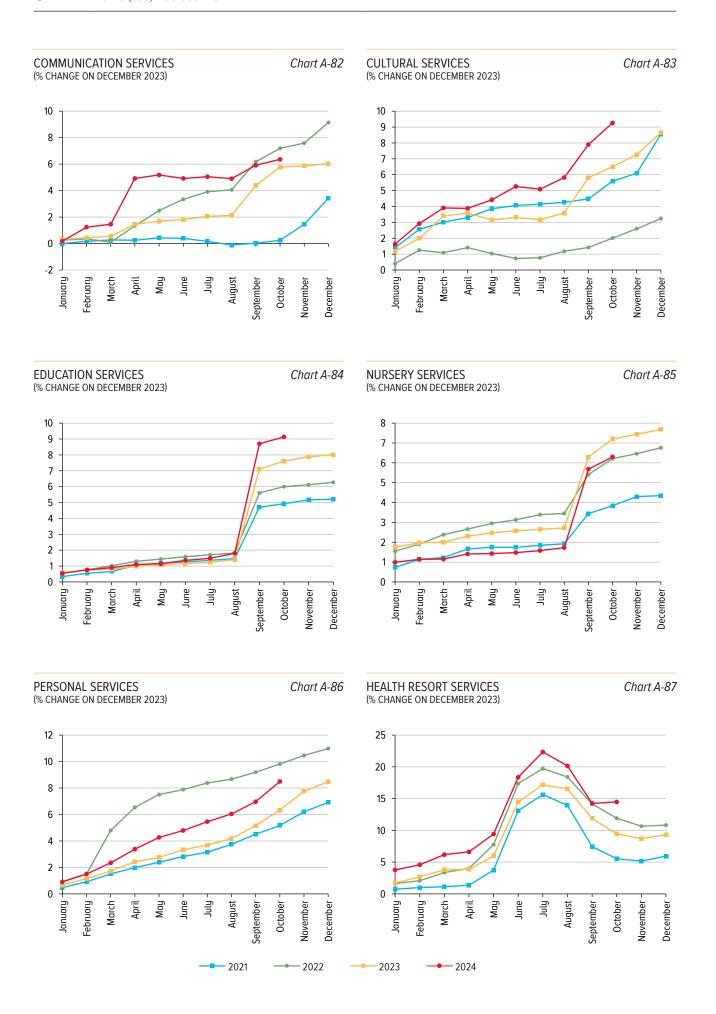












The data cut-off date - 14 November 2024.

The electronic version of the information and analytical commentary is available on the Bank of Russia website.

Please send your comments and suggestions to $\underline{\text{svc_analysis@cbr.ru}}.$

This commentary was prepared by the Monetary Policy Department.

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Bldg V, 12 Neglinnaya Street, Moscow, 107016

Bank of Russia website: www.cbr.ru

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